

THE WORLD RENOWNED COCKTAIL BACARDI AND ITS MANY USES.

BACARDI RICKEY
Wine-glass of Bacardi
Juice of half a Lime
One lump of ice
Serve in high-ball glass
Add Sparkling Water.

BACARDI HIGHBALL
Place a piece of ice in glass
One glass of Bacardi
Fill glass with Sparkling Water.

BACARDI MILK PUNCH
One glass hot Milk
One tablespoonful of sugar
A pinch of nutmeg
The yolk of an egg
Beat up thoroughly the yolk of the egg with the sugar
Add milk Bacardi and nutmeg
Mix it thoroughly
A delicious punch and a splendid beverage for colds.

BACARDI GROG
One quart of Bacardi
One pound of Sugar
One quart of Formosa Oolong Tea
Use the grog, adding equal
Part of very hot water
Serve with slices of lemon
Dissolve sugar in hot water.

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EX-ARCHDEACON'S TRAGEDY.

MRS. WAKEFORD'S STORY.

BRAVE WOMAN'S HARD FIGHT
AGAINST FATE.

BIGGIN HILL, Kent.

"The hardest part of the fight
has been during the last three
and a half years, when I have
seen my husband's reason slowly
going and naturally had to hide
it from the world."

Quite simply and uncomplainingly, Mrs. Wakeford at her home at Cole Steeple, Biggin Hill, spoke of her husband, ex-Archdeacon Wakeford, whose recent removal to Barming Heath Asylum seems like fate's culminating blow at the former Canon and Precentor of Lincoln Cathedral, Archdeacon of Stowe, Vicar of Kirkstead, and brilliant preacher.

It is now eight years since the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council dismissed his appeal against the allegations which ended in his downfall. Never for an hour since then has his wife wavered in her belief in him or her determination to carry on.

Fireless Hut.

She received me, says a press correspondent, in a small hut, near her house in which she does a great deal of her work. The door was open and there was no fire. A few snowflakes drifted in on the bitterly cold wind. But so insured has Mrs. Wakeford become to her hard-working life that, though bareheaded, she took no notice of this. She wore a rough tweed suit, breeches and jacket over which was an old overcoat.

"One thing above all else I must say," insisted Mrs. Wakeford again, "and that is that from first to last people, generally complete strangers, have been most amazingly kind to both of us."

"Except for that, I do not think I could have continued. The last three and a half years have been so difficult, not only for me from the point of view of personal effort, but in anxiety about my husband, that in a sense there is a feeling of relief that he is now out of it all."

"Nothing can touch him. During these latter years it has been a race in which it is impossible to disguise the fact that my fear was which would happen first—my physical breakdown or his mental one."

"Day by day I could see that once brilliant brain going. And day by day it got harder for me to continue working. You will understand that by degrees Mr. Wakeford became as a child, and needed more and more attention. Indeed, this hut was a necessity to me as a refuge where I could continue my work."

"To understand the position aright, it must be realised that my husband's whole life was in the Church and Church matters."

"When the accusation of immorality was made against him, and his appeal failed, the effect really even then was to kill him all except physically. The charge, too, not only involved his position, but was a blow, which he felt as much as I did, against the only woman he ever cared for—myself."

"During the first years after the blow fell friends helped us so much, and my husband bore up so well that things might have been worse. Towards the latter half of the time, however, the fight has been increasingly difficult. I have hardly slept since last April. It was agony to me to see that Mr. Wakeford, with his once keen brain, had lost all sense of time. He could not distinguish night from day, and had lost all count of the passage of years."

"Sometimes he would pick up a letter, written eight or nine years ago, and say, 'Look what a beautiful letter I have had from so-and-so,' and all the time he would be in a past that could never return. His only solace seemed to be walking, walking."

"Some idea of the care needed can be gathered from the fact that I would find him shivering at eleven o'clock at night, and saying that he had to catch the morning bus."

(Continued on next Column).

HISTORY IN THE U.S. FILM.

DR. LEACOCK SEES ITS
HUMOUR.

GREAT AMERICAN WAR.

MONTREAL.

The influence of the American moving picture on the historic sense and national patriotism of children here was deplored by Dr. Stephen Leacock, who, besides being a humorist, is the William Dow Professor of Political Economy at McGill University, in an address delivered before the Westmount Association of Protestant Teachers. In characteristic fashion he declared that:

"If our children are allowed to go to the pictures, and if the effect is not counteracted elsewhere, they will grow up to think of the United States as the land of heroes: the only place where brave men are found and brave deeds are done."

The Great War appears, as it has in three different pictures recently shown, as the Great American War. It was occasioned by a quarrel between Woodrow Wilson and a lot of nations living in Europe. Woodrow Wilson, whose only aim was to do good to everybody everywhere, found his efforts thwarted by a crowd of people in Europe. At last he declared war, invoking the blessing of God, of Abraham Lincoln, the Southern Confederacy, and the Middle West.

A vast American army invaded Europe. They first occupied France, where the French people supplied a comic element by selling cigarettes, waving flags, and by talking French, a ridiculous language forming a joke in itself. Rushing through the woods, trenches, flames, and trees, the Americans drove in front of them the Europeans.

Met By Mother On The Porch.

Exacting nothing in return, they went back to the Middle West, where they were met on the porch by their mother, the spirit of American democracy, and the inserted shade of Lincoln.

The pity of it is that even in the commercial sense we have better material than they have. Our history, as told by a Francis Parkman, is up to the level of even the great American epic of the Civil War, and makes the history of the Middle West look at flat as mud. So far we have only shown it in stilted pageants and historic scenes. That sort of thing does not go with the crowd: it is only for the cultivated few—mostly so cultivated that they won't pay to see anything anyway. What we need is a story—using our history as a background—a story with a hero and a heroine, with the personal element, and bursting through it scenes of Indian war, and the battles of the Plains of Abraham, and the wonderful unused epic of our national history.

That is the kind of thing that our children ought to be seeing. And if some picture director will step up from New York and arrange it for us, we ought to make him a baronet, and a senator, and an LL.D., and bury him as soon as he likes in Westminster Abbey.

"Now that it is known what has happened, there is no harm in my saying how hard it has been. But you will realise how hiding this secret from the world made the mere attempt to continue earning a livelihood more and more difficult."

"Many people have thought I had a private income, but neither of us ever had a penny which we did not earn. Luckily, I have always been able to turn my hand to anything. The first thing that helped me was hand-spinning, which I had learned in 1914 when I thought my sight was going."

"It has often meant 18 hours' work a day, and there has never been a moment for the last five years when I have not had to struggle for everything I have had. Somehow or other, however, when things looked darkest, something has happened to help us."

Breeding Cats.

"When hand spinning began to prove unprofitable I went in for breeding Persian and Russian cats, and have been fairly successful. There has been nothing that I would not do in the way of work to keep things going."

"This is a beautiful district, and in the summer-time I hope to be able to serve tea. Then another thing to which I have turned my hand is making flowers out of crepe paper."

"That is the main thing—that I can continue to work."

"Mercifully, I believe my husband never realised that his reason was going. I think now that his mental condition is such that he will never suffer from knowledge. He went into the asylum diagnosed as suffering from nervous breakdown."

"I am grateful that it has been possible to continue 'as we have done, and find that there is so much kindness in the world."

BROTHERS OF THE BUSH.

CLERGY'S WORK FOR BACK-
WOODS MEN.ROUGH LIFE AND ROUGH
CLOTHES.

SYDNEY, N.S.W.

Word has been received here that the Rev. T. Armour, vicar of Oxford, Warrington, Lancashire, is coming to Australia shortly to assume office as principal of the Bush Brotherhood. The vacancy has been caused by the appointment of the previous occupant to be Conductor Bishop of Bathurst.

These Bush Brothers are a band of clergymen—many of them English clergymen of good family—and their headquarters are at Dubbo, in the diocese of Bathurst, nearly 300 miles inland. Most of their work lies still further out-back. Their mission is to carry the gospel throughout the far districts, but they do much more than that. They are the friends of remote settlers. They advise them, convey letters to and from post offices for them, lend them books; they even at times give simple medical treatment. They celebrate christenings and marriages. They are the link between these lonely folk and civilisation.

Always On The Move.

There is probably not a motor-car among them, though one has heard rumours of a motor-cycle or two. They travel in buggies mostly, but push-bikes are a frequent sight. They are always on the move; and the heat, the dust, and the flies of an Australian summer do not discourage them. It is a labour of love.

Though they are duly ordained clergy of the Church of England, they are not orthodox parsons. They generally wear ordinary clothes, and as the journeying and other circumstances are apt to be rough also. They may be seen in shirt sleeves talking over affairs with a group of station hands, who are not afraid to speak in good idiomatic Australian. Some are on committees of little village libraries—"Schools of Art" is the peculiar name for these institutions, to which there is usually a billiard-room attached. This now and then gives the visiting parson a chance to try out his skill against the local expert.

Way-side Card Parties.

They eat with the rabbits, teamsters, and shepherds, and they have no hesitation in making a fourth at a card party by the wayside. One Bush Brother went out to a shearing shed on a Sunday morning on his bicycle, held service, collected a sum of between £20 and £40 for the little bush chapel and meeting house that he had in contemplation, played football with the shepherds in the afternoon, scored a couple of tries, and afterwards put on the gloves and had a few rounds with the champion of the shed.

This was in the neighbourhood of Bourke, more than 500 miles away from Sydney. Later, when the war broke out, he did not ask for a padre's job. He went into the ranks with the others who volunteered from his district, and the landing at Anzac saw the last of a gallant soul.

They find it a fine life, do these young men, a life of self-sacrifice, too. But they enjoy it.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

APRIL 18th, 1928.

B.K. Bank	\$1,300 buy.
Do.	\$1,314 buy.
Chartered Bank	\$21 buy.
Mercantile Bank A. & B.	\$24 buy.
Do.	\$24 buy.
P. & O. Bank	\$29 buy.
East Asia Bank	\$70 buy.
Canton Insurance	\$80 buy.
Union Insurance	\$87 1/2 buy.
North China Ins.	\$140 nom.
Yangtze Insurance	\$147 buy.
China Underwriters	\$215 nom.
Hong Kong Fire Ins.	\$700 buy.
Doyle's	\$404 sel.
H.K. Steamboats	\$24 buy, 25 1/2 sel.
H.K. Tugs	\$14 buy.
Indo-China (Fr.)	\$37 buy.
Do. (Def.)	\$74 buy.
Shell Transports	\$90 buy.
Waterboats	\$20 buy.
Benguet	\$21 buy.
Kailash Mining Ad.	\$60 buy.
Langkai (combined)	\$13 1/2 nom.
Do. (single)	\$13 1/2 nom.
S'hai Explorations	\$14 1/2 nom.
Shanghai Loans	\$15 1/2 nom.
Banque	\$4 nom.
Tromps Mines	\$17 1/2 nom.
H.K. & K. Wharfs	\$136 buy, 137 1/2 sel.
H.K. & W. Docks	\$43 buy.
China Traders	\$44 buy.
Hongkong	\$150 buy.
New Engineering	\$14 1/2 nom.
Shanghai Docks	\$14 1/2 nom.
Two Cottons	\$14 1/2 nom.
Oriental Cottons	\$14 1/2 nom.
S'hai Cottons (old)	\$14 1/2 nom.
Do. (new)	\$14 1/2 nom.
H.K. & S. Hotels	\$95 sel.
H.K. Lands	\$44 buy.
Shanghai Land	\$140 buy.
Humphreys Estates	\$144 nom.
H.K. Realities	\$84 buy, 84 1/2 sel.
H.K. Territorials	\$35.60 buy, 35.65 sel.
H.K. Tramways	\$131 buy.
Peak Tram (old)	\$131 buy.
Do. (new)	\$131 buy.
Star Ferry	\$64 sel, 64 1/2 sel.
China Lights (combined)	\$136 sel.
Do. (old)	\$136 sel.
Do. (new)	\$136 sel.
H.K. Electric	\$71 buy.
Macao Electric	\$71 buy.
Telephones	\$40 buy.
China Buses	\$11 1/2 buy.
Singapore Traction	\$11 1/2 buy.
China Sugars	\$40 buy.
Malayan Sugars	\$40 buy.
Canton Ice	\$10 nom.
Cement (combined)	\$107 nom.
Do. (old)	\$107 nom.
Do. (new)	\$107 nom.
H.K. Ropes (old)	\$71 buy.
Do. (new)	\$71 buy.
United Asbestos	\$10 nom.
Dairy Farms	\$22 1/2 buy.
Waters	\$11 buy.
Der A Wings	\$10 nom.
Lane Crawfords	\$34 buy.
Mackintosh	\$24 sel.
Sincere	\$10 buy.
Wm. Powells	\$3 sel.
H.K. Amusements	\$32 1/2 nom.
H.K. Constructions	\$11 nom.
H.K. Indus. G.S. Bonds	\$82 buy.
H.K. Govt. Loans	\$12 1/2 prem. buy.
buy—buyers; sel—sellers; na—naïve; nom—nominal.	

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Oslo	18.24
Vienna	34.72 1/2
Prague	164 1/2
Helsingfors	194
Madrid	29.05
Lisbon	24
Athens	37 1/2
Bucharest	780 1/2
Rio	5.53/64
Buenos Aires	47.13/16
Bombay	1/6.31/32
Yokohama	1/11.15/32
Shanghai	2/6 1/2
Hong Kong	2/4
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THE D.O.G.A. ANNUAL MEETING.

MORE ENTHUSIASM CALLED FOR.

RESIGNATION OF THE SECRETARY.

The annual meeting of the Diocesan Old Girls' Association took place yesterday, the President, Mrs. Matthews being in the Chair.

The President's Appeal.

Addressing the meeting the President said:

We have had quite a busy year. At one of the Committee Meetings it was suggested that a Club House might forge a strong link to bind members together. With this aim in view the Committee set to work to raise funds. I am sorry to say that this scheme had to be abandoned. All social functions held received very little support from members. At no function was there 20 per cent. of the members present. Seeing this was the case it was thought that as members did not patronise occasional functions it could not be hoped they would support the Pavilion which would then only prove a white elephant. At the last Committee Meeting the scheme was abandoned and the funds raised were put to the General Funds to further the aims of the Association.

In Hong Kong everyone suffers because of the weather or most or all our shortcomings are attributed to or excused by its vagaries. The summer is too hot, the winter too cold for us to stir. The fact of the truth is that we all suffer from inertia. The Secretary and I have attended and, I am sure, enjoyed every function. The dances I have attended I have enjoyed, although I am antidiluvian enough not to have acquired this graceful accomplishment.

I do beg of members to give the Association their most hearty support. If you have any suggestions to make they will be more than welcome. If you have any criticisms, they too are welcome, for they at least show you are thinking of us—but criticism to be of value must be constructive so come and back up your words with your co-operation.

My pleasing duty it is now to put on record the faithful and ungrudging way in which our Honorary Secretary Miss Kacker has carried out her multifarious and arduous tasks. The Secretary's post is a most unenviable one. On her falls the burden of all the pen and paper work, which this year has been greatly enhanced due to increased social activities. Miss Kacker has most cheerfully and efficiently borne all this, and I have therefore the greatest pleasure in thanking her on your behalf and will ask you to show your appreciation in the usual manner.

Our thanks are also due to Mrs. Jex, the Hon. Treasurer, to Mrs. Urquhart for arranging swimming parties, to Miss Walters for organising entertainments, and Miss Kathleen Grose for looking after the "inner man" at all our functions. No mean task I assure you, but most efficiently catered for by her. Thanks are also due to Mr. M. K. Lo and to our Vice-President Mrs. Ho. We must thank Miss Sawyer for her interest and support, and for the use of the school assembly hall for many of our functions.

Coupled with these names, I would, on my own and on behalf of the Association, thank the Committee members for their co-operation, loyalty, and work throughout the year under review.

THE HON. SECRETARY'S REPORT.

The Hon. Secretary's report stated *inter alia*:

At the present time we have on our roll 62 members. We hope to enrol several new members shortly as quite a few girls left school at the end of the year. Absent members approximately 20. I would ask members present to show their appreciation of our President's loyalty and enthusiasm in the usual manner. Although Mrs. Matthews has many calls on her time she has always found time to support and be present at all our functions and meetings. I would recommend to the incoming committee and all members that they show as much enthusiasm and may we all try to emulate her fine example.

I would also like to say a few words regarding my position as Hon. Secretary. I appreciate the honour of having been appointed Secretary during the first two years of the Association's history, but I feel that in an association like ours variety in the direction of affairs is good. We have a fine opportunity in electing new officers from last year's class 1. I hereby tender my resignation and respectfully submit that I am not eligible for re-election in any event.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Officers elected for the forthcoming year were:

President: Mrs. Matthews.
Hon. Vice-President: Miss Sawyer.
Vice-President: Miss Kacker.
Hon. Treasurer: Miss Robinson.
Hon. Secretary: Miss K. Grose.
Committee Members: Miss O. Barrett, Miss T. Chow, Miss E. Rogers, Miss M. Chiu, Miss E. Corp, Mrs. Urquhart, and Miss E. Walters were re-elected by the retiring committee to remain on the Board.

LANCASHIRE TRADE WITH CHINA.

JAPANESE COMPETITION.

VIEWS OF SIR KENNETH STEWART.

The improved outlook in China for Lancashire goods was referred on March 22nd by Sir Kenneth Stewart, chairman of the China section of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce. Pointing out that China was formerly Lancashire's second largest market for cotton piece goods, Sir Kenneth said it might be too much to expect that Lancashire could fully regain her domination of the China market, but there was some hope that China would henceforth become a continually increasing factor in the Lancashire trade. The intense anti-British feeling had subsided, and had given place to what might be termed a moderately friendly attitude. The improving tendency which began to manifest itself towards the end of last year showed no signs of weakening. The off-take of cotton piece goods from Shanghai had, he said, increased from 9,000,000 in 1917 to 19,500,000 in 1927, in spite of the chaos that had prevailed in the country. Unfortunately, the proportion of goods which could be credited to Lancashire had diminished from 73 per cent. in 1917 to 23 per cent. in 1927. The Japanese contribution had steadily risen to about 38 per cent. of the total in 1927, and local production accounted for a similar proportion. American cotton goods amounted to about 1 per cent.

CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO.

ANNUAL REPORT.

The annual report of the China Sugar Refining Company, Ltd., for presentation at the meeting of shareholders which will be held on Tuesday, April 24th, at noon, states:

The nett loss on the year's working amounts to \$1,189,295.60 after providing for depreciation on the usual scale and payment of interest and all other charges.

The balance at debit of Profit and Loss Account thus stands at \$2,733,083.74 after bringing forward the debit of \$1,533,788.05 from the previous year.

The present Committee consists of Mr. H. P. White, Sir Robert Ho Tung, Mr. A. H. Compton and Mr. C. Gordon Mackie, who offer themselves for re-election.

The accounts have been audited by Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews and Messrs. Percy Smith, Seth & Fleming, incorporated accountants.

WEALTH LOST IN COTTON SLUMP.

FAILURE OF MILLIONAIRE WHO WAS A GROCER'S BOY.

From a grocer's boy to a director of 24 cotton-spinning companies is the record of Mr. Sam Firth Mellor, of Werneth, Hall-road, Oldham, and also of Tobermory, Elmdrive, Prestatyn, who a few years ago was a reputed millionaire and against whom a receiving order in bankruptcy was made at Oldham on a creditor's petition.

Starting life as grocer's boy for his father, he later went as assistant to his father-in-law, a stock and share broker in Oldham.

In 1919 he bought Monton Mill, Eccles, and within a month the whole of Oldham was in the fever of the mill-buying boom. Later Mr. Mellor bought a group of six mills, and eventually became director of 24 companies with a total capital of more than 28,000,000.

In recent months he has resigned from a number of boards, but he is still a director of about 15 cotton-spinning companies.

VICAR'S DISGUISE.

ATTENDED DANCES DRESSED AS FISHERMAN.

The story of how a Grimsby vicar disguised himself as a fisherman and attended dances in his own parish hall to find out if they were being properly conducted was told at Grimsby Licensing Sessions.

The chief constable had objected to the renewal of dancing licences for St. Andrew's Hall and St. Luke's Hall, alleging that women of a certain class took foreign lessons there.

The Vicar of St. Luke's the Rev. C. A. Bullivant, told the Bench that the hall had been let to presumably respectable applicants. He said:

When I heard the police allegations, I dressed myself as a fisherman and attended dances there nightly. The dancing was crude, but I saw nothing objectionable.

Mr. Bloomer, solicitor, appearing for St. Andrew's Hall, said every care was exercised, but women dressed so much alike nowadays that dress could not be taken as a guide to character.

The Bench refused to renew the dancing licences of both halls.

LICENCE FOR SERVANTS' QUARTERS?

NO HOUSE TO ACCOMMODATE MORE THAN TEN.

An interesting case was heard at the Magistrate's yesterday morning before Mr. E. Lindseth, when the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs summoned Chan Fung Kai, owner of a pig business, for keeping a boarding house without a licence.

Mr. C. A. S. Russ appeared for the defendant. He told the Court that the defendant was not running a boarding house. The man was a pig dealer on a very big scale, the yearly turnover being over \$120,000. Defendant merely kept three flats for his employees. Mr. Russ argued that the Ordinance under which the summons was brought was defective in meaning. If servants' quarters could be called a common boarding house, then his own house and hundreds of others in the Colony would come under the same definition. He said that the only persons who could escape from this Ordinance would be those who were so poor that they could not afford to keep servants.

The prosecution's points were that under the Public Health Ordinance, any house giving accommodation to more than ten persons would come under the definition of a sixth class boarding house. Even the Sincere Company and the Hong Kong Hotel have licences for their servants' quarters.

Mr. Russ pointed out that the summons was brought under the Boarding House Ordinance, and that the definition found in another Ordinance could not be applied to the case.

His Worship said that the definition of the Boarding House Ordinance No. 1 of 1903 said "A place where employers lodge their employees of either sex and of whatever occupation," and from this it looked as if servants' quarters attached to every private house had to be registered.

Mr. Russ said that it was only a small matter as the licence was only \$2 and that the defendant had since taken out a licence, he would therefore oppose an adjournment as it would entail further legal expense. His Worship then imposed a nominal fine of \$2.

DANGER OF TOY PISTOLS.

HOW THEY CAN BECOME "LETHAL WEAPONS."

PROBLEM FOR HOME AUTHORITIES.

London, March 14th.

Should the regulations relating to the selling of toy pistols be made more strict?

This question has arisen following up the dismissal by the Kendal Magistrate of a summons brought against a local tradesman for selling firearms contrary to the law.

In this particular case, the police alleged that a revolver, though sold as a toy, could be easily converted into a lethal weapon by means of a drill. A Corporation mechanic had bored a barrel and two chambers, so that bullets were fired which penetrated a plank 1 in. thick at a distance of 50 ft.

The defending solicitor read a letter from Scotland Yard, which stated that they would not prosecute where toy pistols were sold without a permit.

A member of the Firearms Department of Scotland Yard told a press representative that similar summonses were frequently heard in the Courts. "The letter referred to," he said, "is one which was sent to the Chief Constable of a certain district some months ago. It has been quoted for the defence in several similar cases all over the country."

The Highways Act.

"The only way in which the police can take action against toy pistols is by a conviction of the Highways Act, which prohibits the use of any kind of firearm, whether with blank or live cartridge, within 50 ft. of the public highway."

"In the event of an accident happening through the use of live ammunition in toy pistols, the Commissioner of Police could make representations to the Home Secretary, but as the law stands at present the police can take no action against the selling of toy pistols without a permit unless it can be proved that they are lethal weapons."

Another Scotland Yard official admitted that the law left too great a loophole in this matter.

"A recent murder," he said, "was committed with a pistol little larger than many of those sold as toy pistols to-day. It is quite possible, by cutting the barrel or drilling a bore in a toy pistol, to convert it into a formidable weapon."

"As a Magistrate," he added, "I would have to dismiss a summons for selling a toy pistol without a permit, but as a police official I know that anyone can convert a toy pistol which is constructed for blank cartridges into one which can fire live ammunition."

A Home Office official stated that, according to the existing law it remained with the local Courts to decide whether or not the misuse of a pistol only meant for blank cartridges made it a "lethal weapon."

THRILLS, suspense and laughs in a rollicking war comedy specially made for the two comics of "What Price Glory"!



The GAY RETREAT

With

TED McNAMARA

and

SAMMY COHEN

AT THE

QUEEN'S

TO-DAY to SATURDAY

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.



AT THE

WORLD

TO-DAY to SATURDAY

Orchestra 5.15 & 9.20. Interpreter 2.30 & 7.15.



AT THE

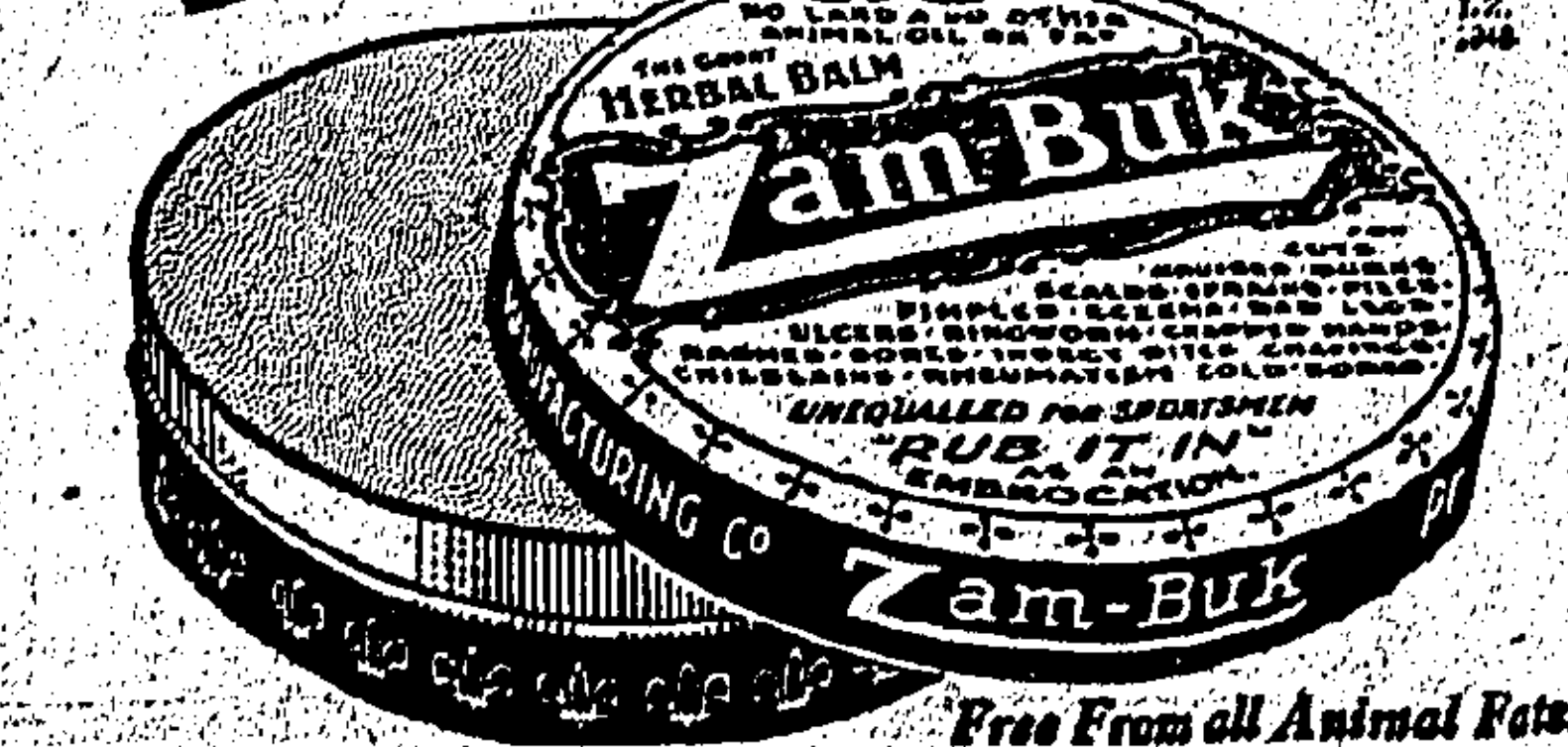
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TO-DAY to SATURDAY

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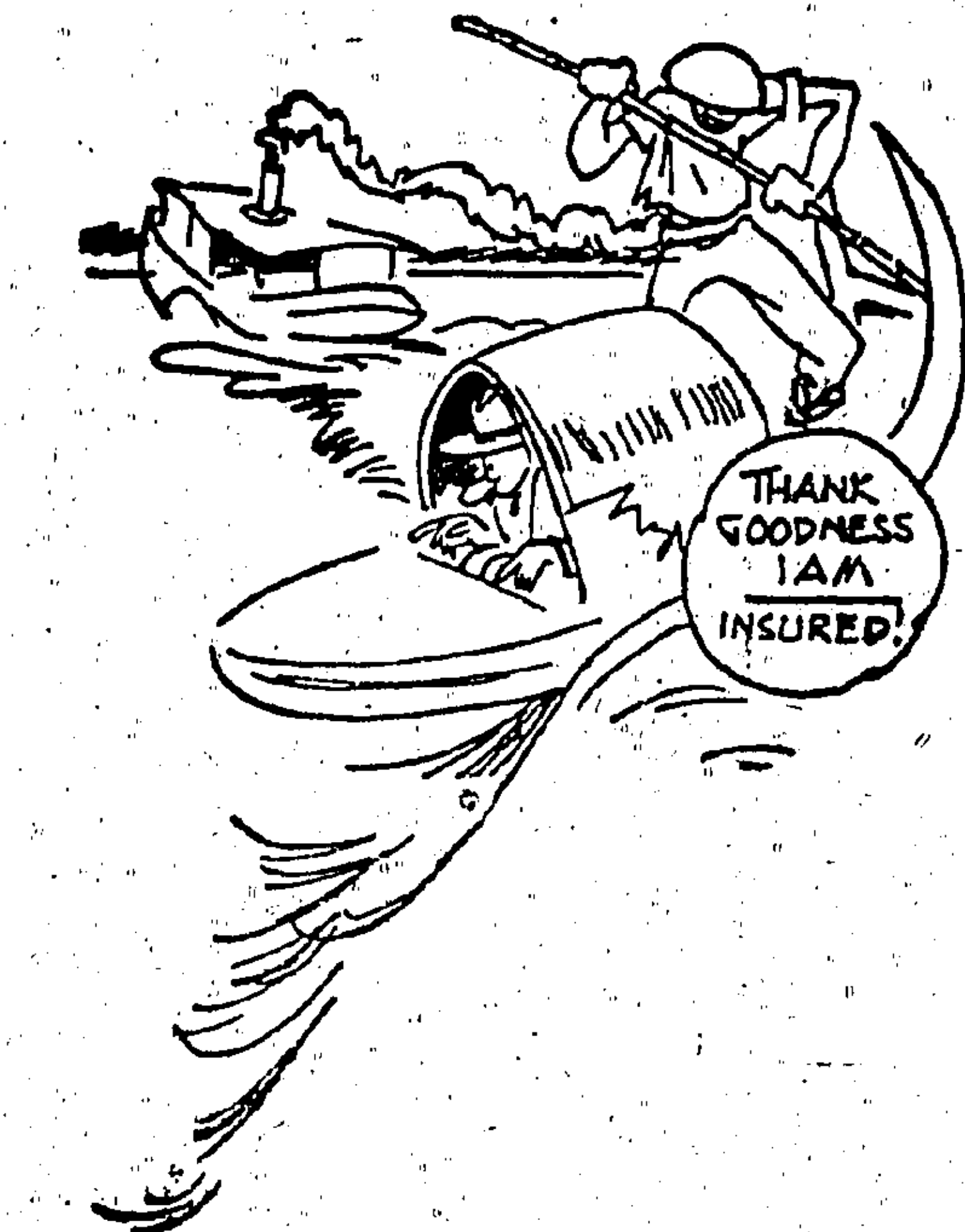
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A HEALTHIER NATION.

BRITAIN'S RECORD SINCE 1838.

BETTER AND LONGER LIVES.

RULES FOR DIET.

There has been an amazing transformation in the health of the British people since 1838, according to Sir George Newman, chief medical officer of the Ministry of Health and the Board of Education.

He lectured on March 21st at the British Medical Association House, in Tavistock-square, on "The Foundations of National Health." "Though the population has more than doubled," said Sir George, "the general death-rate for England and Wales has been halved since 1838; the child mortality under five for London is now about one-third of what it was; the number of deaths under fifty years of age is now 38 per cent., as compared with 71 per cent. in 1838; and the expectation of life at birth has been extended by as much as twelve years for boys and fourteen years for girls.

"In other words, the premature death of little children has been enormously reduced, the infectious sickness of adults has been more than halved, and life has been prolonged.

Problem Of Health.

"The fundamental problem of health is the wise and scientific nurture of the body. Now, can we say in plain and categorical terms in what such nurture consists? Here is your body with its nature, its heredity, its variation, its in-born instincts, impulses, and organic functions; the instrument of emotion, intellect, and will—a living organism of long biological ancestry. I think we can, but only in general terms, perhaps, indeed, one term. Nutrition is the answer.

"The elements of nutrition for the body are six in number. Food, fresh air and sunlight, exercise of the body, warmth, cleanliness, and rest.

"Let us consider for a moment the most important of these six—food. It is of vital importance to eat the food which will build, repair, warm, and energize the body. Ignorance of a sensible dietary is the direct cause of much preventable disease, and more people suffer from eating too much than too little.

"It is common knowledge that man's diet should be mixed and varied; should be sound in quality and sufficient in quantity; consumed at regular intervals; and appetizing and digestible. It should contain some proteins such as occur in meat, fish, milk, bread, cheese, eggs, peas, beans, lentils; some fats, as in cream, butter, suet, lard, dripping, olive oil, some carbohydrate, as in sugar, bread, potatoes, rice, and starchy foods.

Mineral Salts.

"The body also needs mineral salts contained in milk, cheese, eggs, green vegetables, and fruit; the last two furnishing a considerable bulk of fibrous material valuable in stimulating alimentary movement. Last, there are certain substances essential for growth and nutrition as vitamins present in extremely minute quantity in various foods.

"Finally, there are some food rules which it is expedient to adopt:—

(a) Strict and persistent moderation in diet tends to longevity, and excess tends to early mortality.

(b) Nature has provided that food should be masticated, should reach the stomach slowly, and not too frequently.

(c) The number of meals taken daily is a matter of individual practice and custom, but for persons more than forty years of age they are usually too frequent.

(d) No food should be taken between such regular meals, because eating promiscuously gives the body no rest.

(e) A small quantity of beverage with the meal is desirable, but there should be no excess of alcohol—alcohol is not in ordinary circumstances necessary to health; there should be, as a rule, no alcohol before meals or between meals, and none for children.

(f) There should be no active exercise immediately after a meal.

Sir George, speaking of the necessity for exercise, said: "Motoring has its advantages, but we must beware of becoming 'all liver and no legs.' To walk to the station is better than to take an omnibus."

POLICE WORK IN SHANGHAI.

EX-INSPECTOR BURNSIDE'S TRIBUTE.

WAYS OF KIDNAPPER'S DESCRIBED.

Mr. John Burnside, an ex-superintendent of the Shanghai Municipal Police, who has retired after 27 years' service in the East, has recently returned home to Manchester. He went out to China as a young man of about 19. For many years, and until shortly before his retirement, Mr. Burnside acted, with intermissions, as director of criminal intelligence in Shanghai, and he played a part in the introduction there of modern criminological methods and their adaptation to the detection of Chinese crime.

Mr. Burnside gave to a *Manchester Guardian* representative an interesting account of the predominant crimes which prevail among the native population, principal among which is that known as "living cheques," or, in other words, armed kidnapping. He described how a wealthy Oriental, banker or merchant, would, on emerging from his house or place of business and stepping into his motor-car, be instantly followed into the car by a number of Chinese gunmen, who would intimidate the chauffeur as well. One of the gang would then drive the car, usually down side-streets to avoid a traffic block, to some unknown destination.

The friends of the kidnapped man, or "living cheque," would then be asked by anonymous letter for a sum of money which might range from as much as £5,000 to £25,000. The police, said Mr. Burnside, got virtually no assistance from the family, or even from the ransomed man himself on his release, which would aid them in bringing the bandits to justice. Fearful of what might happen, they preferred to pay and secure their friend's release—and to say nothing afterwards. Such outrages as these happened as frequently as once a fortnight. Payment of the ransom was secured by the nomination (by anonymous letter) of a member of the family, who would be instructed to proceed to a certain place with a bag of notes, deposit it on the ground, and immediately retire. The ransomed man would be released, unhurt, within half an hour. Or it might be that the bearer of the ransom would be given an assignment with a member of the gang, but in Chinese territory outside the International Settlement, in which territory the police have no authority. Failure to pay the ransom meant the murder of the hostage in a specified time.

Police And Gunmen.

In spite of the fearfulness of the victims to avail themselves of the power of the law, arrests had been made, but in such case the only course open to the Settlement Provisional Court was to hand the culprit over to the Chinese Court for execution or return him to the Provisional Court, where he could be committed to imprisonment for life. Armed robbery in the Settlement was also rife. The robbers would enter a shop and one hold up the shopkeeper while the other emptied the till. In such cases, said Mr. Burnside, the shopkeepers did not hesitate to call in the police; in fact, most of them kept police whistles with which to summon the nearest policeman. With the police on their tracks these criminals were very dangerous and had the Chicago gunmen beaten in their boldness and readiness to shoot. As many as 150 a month of these "hold-ups" took place in the whole of the Settlement as between Chinese and Chinese. As far as crime of all types in the Settlement was concerned, however, Mr. Burnside claimed that the record compared favourably with certain American cities.

As detectives, he said, the Chinese were both excellent and trustworthy police officials. All the Chinese detectives spoke English, and the European detectives spoke Chinese. A number of Chinese detectives had also a good knowledge of French, several spoke Arabic, and there were German and Russian linguists among them. Mr. Burnside spoke of the difficulty of acquiring Chinese. After a two-year course of study the European police official had to continue to pass a semi-annual examination in the language for the following three years before he was regarded as proficient.

"THE GAY RETREAT."

A WAR COMEDY.

EVE ON THE SCREEN.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

"The Gay Retreat" is a war comedy not dissimilar to "We're in the Army" and the others of the same sequence despite the fact that the leading roles are taken by Sammy Cohen and Ted McNamara, who provided the comic relief in "What Price Glory." The fact is that war pictures have been turned out like any other form of mass production, there is the serious heroic type, the propaganda picture, and the burlesque comedy. War, in the opinion of most of those who took an active part in the last big one, is a very boring form of occupation, and though it undoubtedly had its humorous as well as its horrors and heroisms, the stock war comedy has not the right atmosphere. Cohen and McNamara have been raised to the rank of stars to feed the demand for burlesque war pictures; they have been put into khaki and given a French estaminet a village and a railway as a background, but if they were in overalls, armed with planks and whitewash they would be in their proper environment, making a comic which pretended to be no more.

But audiences have burlesque and every tumble and grimace was greeted with peals of laughter at the Queen's yesterday. "The Gay Retreat" is not just another war picture, it is just another longer comic, and a good one which makes an appeal to the bad little boy dormant in even the most respectable of adults. Cohen and McNamara are amusing because they successfully score off authority time after time, and because they endure the most ludicrous misfortunes with equanimity.

Eve On The Gazette.

The Pathé gazette part of which showed mainequis displaying all the newest fashions was particularly interesting. Besides the dresses there were several lovely scenes in colour of English countryside and of interesting buildings.

At The World.

"A Man's Past," a drama played against the colourful background of Algiers and the desert comes to the World Theatre to-day until Saturday.

The action starts in prison, where a once noted physician is serving a long term for having put to death a patient suffering terrible agony. The convict escapes from the prison, and by posing as the brother of the woman he adores again becomes famous and wealthy. Some time later, he is recognised by the assistant governor of the prison, but he eventually secures a pardon and wins the heart of the girl who has stood by him.

At The Star.

Irene Rich and Willard Louis are the leading players in the new picture "The Moonbeam Express," which comes to the Star Theatre to-day until Saturday. The story deals with the discontented parents of three New York young people and with the youngsters themselves and their various love affairs. A sudden rebellion by the neglected mother brings about a dramatic and amusing climax.

"PRESIDENT PIERCE" PASSENGERS.

Among passengers leaving for Seattle by *ss. President Pierce* yesterday were:—

Mr. Li Hing Fook, an official connected with the Nationalist Government in Canton, proceeding to the United States to study commercial aviation; Mr. A. Blakeslee, who is attached to the National City Bank of New York, Hong Kong Branch, returning home to the United States on furlough; Dr. Arthur Woo, the well-known local medical practitioner, on a pleasure trip to the North; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Pratt, jr., travelling to Shanghai. Mr. Pratt is the son of the Vice-President of the Standard Oil Co. in New York; Mr. E. E. McCarthy, who is connected with the Yukon Gold Co. Ampang Selangor, returning to the United States; Mr. C. C. Egan, special envoy of the Nationalist Government in Canton, proceeding to the United States thence to Europe.



There must be a Silver Lining

Here you have the always-welcome combination of a fox-trot and a waltz on the same record. Snappy vocal refrains tell you what they're all about. The music itself has that smoothness, laced with tricky rhythms, that has made these two dance organizations become national favorites. There are four other very interesting records on this week's release. Come in and hear them all—soon!

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PAUL WHITEMAN AND HIS ORCHESTRA
Away Down South In Heaven
Fox Trot With Vocal Refrain THE VIRGINIANS
No. 21228, 10-inch

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Lickens With Piano THE DUNCAN SISTERS
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FIVE BRITISH MONKS SAVE £100,000.

ROMANCE OF BUCKFAST ABBEY.

DREAM FULFILLED.

The monks at Buckfast Abbey have just celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of the day when one of their brotherhood determined to fulfil a dream and erect a new building on the site of the old one that stood there before the dissolution of the monasteries.

Like a toneless, nagging bell that rings incessantly and has no music in its note, the contact of the trowel against stone strikes hard and definitely through the soft crystal air of South Devon. Tang . . . tang . . . tang it goes, and tang . . . tang . . . tang.

Symbol Of Faith.

It has made this mechanical sound for twenty-one years, and for some time longer—experts say about four years—it will continue, until the five monks of the Benedictine Order who are rebuilding Buckfast Abbey, in the Devonshire valley near Ashburton, have completed their long and arduous task that is reminiscent of the manner that masons worked in medieval Europe.

The day is a wonderful advertisement for the arrival of the newly-born spring. There are sights all around that are worth looking at—the clarity of the blue sky, with opaque clouds scudding across it; the hawthorn that is freshly emerged in its early shoots; and the pale amber primroses, imprinting themselves at discreet intervals in the hedges. But the five monks who work with the builders' tools have no eyes, no ears, no time for anything but a steady addition to that quiet-looking stone-grey pile that rises yearly.

What an achievement they are completing! Surely this building, this symbol of faith, patience, and perseverance, will rank one day as a most remarkable feat of architecture in modern England.

The mighty building has arisen because one monk sighted after the abbey that had existed, a fund was opened with one pound in it, and one monk who knew the stonemason's trade determined to teach four of his brethren who were ignorant of the craft how to become expert builders.

Dawn To Dusk Task.

They called in an architect to help them. It is estimated, however, that the five monks who have laboured there each day from dawn to dusk, ignoring trade union rules, unpaid for their work in money, but abundantly recompensed by the sight of the growing building expanding, have given energy that has been valued at £100,000.

20 HOURS OF THIRD DEGREE.

CONFESSION WRUNG FROM MURDERER.

QUESTIONED ALL NIGHT.

Paris, March 16th.

Third-degree police methods have resulted in the extraction of a confession from the murderer of Gaston Truphème, the Paris jewel broker whose body was found buried almost beyond recognition on the roadside between Lagny and Melun.

After more than 20 hours of the most nerve-racking examination by police officials in a tiny room at police headquarters a jeweller named Mestorino, who owned a large shop in Paris employing 15 assistants, broke down and, sobbing, told his ruthless interrogators how he killed Truphème.

Locked In.

Mestorino was locked in a room with MM. Gabrielle and Guillaume, two of the heads of the French Scotland Yard, early yesterday morning. With brief intervals to snatch hasty meal he was subjected to the closest interrogation.

Alternately his two questioners took him over the evidence he had given previously, and time after time they raised contradictory points, called him a liar, accused him of the murder and cross-examined him until, broken with fatigue and feeling himself cornered, at 5 o'clock this morning he burst into tears and said: "Yes. It was I who killed Gaston Truphème."

Mestorino was allowed a respite to compose himself before he gave the details of his confession. When he had recovered he stated that he killed Truphème during a violent quarrel regarding the payment of a bill for 25,000 francs which Truphème had presented and which he was unable to meet. He said he struck Truphème, who fell and apparently fractured his skull against a piece of furniture.

Thrown Into Ditch.

He was horrified to find him dead. He thought some sacking in which he wrapped the body and at night took it in his car into the country. The following morning he drove to Brie-Comte-Robert, bought four cans of petrol, and went to a quiet spot in the woods, where he threw the body into a ditch, poured petrol over it, and set it on fire.

Mestorino was taken from police headquarters to a waiting motor-car for his transference to Melun. His head was swathed in bandages and he showed other evidence of the terrible ordeal through which he had gone.

MARSHAL LI RETURNS.

WELCOME AT THE TERMINUS.

UNIVERSITY CHANCELLOR ON NATIONALIST AIMS.

(FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.)

CANTON, April 18th.

Marshal Li Tsai Hsin has returned to Canton, arriving in the City last night by train at 8.50. Accompanying the Marshal were General Chen Ming Shu, his private secretaries and friends, and the high officials of the Provincial Administration who went to Hong Kong to welcome him.

The arrangement for the special train to bring Marshal Li back to Canton was made by Mr. Man Yum. The train was well guarded with picked soldiers and detectives. In addition to Marshal Li and his suite, the special train also carried a number of ordinary passengers, but the latter were not allowed to get off at the Canton terminus until the Marshal's party had left the station.

At the station were high officials of the Kwangtung and Municipal Administrations, a military band, Garrison troops, police officers and detectives. Among them were General Wong Shiu Hung, Police Commissioner Tung Shih Tsang, Mr. Shiu Yuan Chung, Chief Secretary of the Canton Political Council, Mr. Li Man Hing, from the Headquarters of the 8th Route Army, Mr. Liu Tao Fu, Commissioner of Civil Affairs, Mr. Wu Teh Shing, Commissioner of Reconstruction, Mr. Ma Chiu Tsou, Commissioner of Labour, Mr. Hsu Chung Ching, Commissioner of Education, and Mr. Ma Hung Fun, chief secretary of the Provincial Administration.

When the Marshal alighted from the train, the military band played and the Garrison troops came to the salute. No one was allowed in the station except the welcoming party. Hawkers, vendors of sweetmeats, and idlers were driven out of the station to ensure the Marshal's safety. Marshal Li wore a black soft hat and a black foreign coat.

After the military ceremony at the station Marshal Li entered his well-protected automobile and quickly sped to his private home on Kit Cheung Road. During the evening friends and officials were visiting his house to welcome him and to confer with him on matters of business.

AN ANNIVERSARY.

To-day being the second anniversary of the removal of the Nationalist Government from Canton to Nanking, many of the schools in Canton are having a half holiday to commemorate the event. At Sun Yat Sen University at 2 p.m., Mr. Tai Chi Tan, Chancellor of the University, delivered an oration entitled "The Benevolent Aim of the Revolution is to free the people from oppression both within and without. The removal of the Nationalist Government from Canton to Nanking two years ago marked an epoch in the achievements of the Nationalists. Every true Nationalist, the Chancellor declared, has at heart not only the interests and welfare of the Chinese people, but those of other peoples who are to-day in the same situation as the Chinese.

All the Government offices are opened to-day as usual, only some of the schools having a half day off. All the labourers are working as usual.

2 POLICEMEN DROWNED.

Last night at about 6 o'clock two Chinese policemen in Pak Hok Tung were drowned while canoeing on a deep pond near Mrs. Page's house. Their bodies were recovered early this morning. It appeared that the men were taking a pleasure trip on the pond and overturned the canoe. No one was there at the time. The remains of the two police officers have been brought to Canton and are in the morgue awaiting interment.

THE "CANTON GAZETTE."

Mr. Y. S. Chen, of the Canton Gazette, writes to us pointing out that the Gazette is not under the supervision of the Publicity Bureau as stated in this column. He says Mr. Chen, a separate organ has no connection with the Publicity Bureau and is not subsidised by the Bureau.

THE "HSIN WAH" PIRACY.

LIST OF THE CAPTIVES.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

An official report was received from Police Headquarters yesterday morning regarding the piracy of the China Merchants' steamer *Hsin Wah*, on Saturday last.

The vessel as reported in the *Daily Press* yesterday was attacked by about 15 pirates, all of whom had embarked at Shanghai as passengers. They had control of the ship for two days, and Captain Jensen, master of the pirated vessel, was ordered to take her to Sam Chau Inlet, where the pirates discharged their loot and captives. They were eventually scared away by a Chinese gunboat. The *Hsin Wah* returned to the Colony on Tuesday.

The Loot.

According to the Police report, the loot carried away by the robbers included 17 cases of silk piece goods. These were valued at \$12,000. The free-booters did not make such a poor haul as was at first expected, for it must also be borne in mind that the passengers were deprived of all their cash and jewellery, and there were 300 of them. Approximately, the pirates must have gone off with about \$25,000 worth of loot.

The Captives.

The five prisoners taken away by the bandits are:

Mr. Lo Shun Leung (48) a medical man and a native of Kiangsi.
Mr. Lau Yee Ka (40) travelling inspector of the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company, a native of Waichow.
Mr. Choi Yung Chan (30) travelling inspector of the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company, a native of Waichow.
Mr. Li Chi Ho (41) profession unknown, a native of Shan-shui.
The fifth captive's name is not known, but he is described as a native of Shanghai.

THE "EMPRESS OF CANADA'S" GUARD.

SOLDIERS WHO BLESS BIAS DAY PIRATES.

The band of the 1st Battalion, the Queen's Royal Regiment, and a detachment of soldiers were assembled on the Kowloon Wharf yesterday morning about 12.30. As the sound of the drums came over the water, passengers on the Star Ferry hurried to the side to see what was happening. The *Empress of Canada* was in mid-harbour on her way to Shanghai, and aboard her were Lieut.-Col. R. G. Clarke, C.M.G., D.S.O., proceeding home on leave, and a party of twenty men of the Queen's Regiment under an officer and one N.C.O. who are acting as a guard to the liner.

There has been an absurd scare that the Bias Bay gang of pirates had designs on the *Empress of Canada* and the party of soldiers is travelling on board her as far as Shanghai where they will disembark and take the next *Empress* boat back to Hong Kong. As may be imagined, there was great competition among the men for this pleasure trip, so some few persons at all events are grateful to the Bias Bay gang. Their chances of active service on the way up are nil, but as a C.P.R. official, put it "their presence makes the passengers feel more happy!"

OTHER PASSENGERS.

The Bishop of Victoria (Dr. Duppy, D.D.) and Mrs. Duppy were among the passengers, and others leaving besides those already mentioned were:—Mr. E. M. Alarack, Mr. E. D. Bush, Mr. J. Brett, the Rev. O. I. Blanchet, Mr. D. G. Bruce, Mrs. J. D. Chapple, Lieut.-Col. L. Cook, Lady Chater, Mrs. K. M. Fetterly, Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Gear and family, Col. and Mrs. E. Hickman, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hyde, Mr. W. Hyde and Miss M. Hyde, Capt. E. S. G. Howard, Mrs. H. K. Holmes, Mr. J. E. Joseph, Sir Elly Radcliffe, K.B.E., Com. Leg. Hon. Mr. Lawrence Kadoorie, Mrs. A. J. Wing Chan, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Wing Chan, Mr. W. H. Peters, Major and Mrs. T. A. Pamphile-Green, Col. and Mrs. T. A. F. Robinson, the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, Mr. Whitey Smith, Capt. and Mrs. G. T. Tyringham, Mr. and Mrs. D. Topleton, and the Shanghai Portuguese interport football team.

INFORMATION WANTED.

QUERIES AT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

AN HON. MEMBER FOR KOWLOON?

BATHING FACILITIES.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council this (Thursday) afternoon a number of questions will be put to the Government by the Hon. Sir Henry E. Pollock, K.C., and by the Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes.

Sir Henry Pollock will ask:—
1.—Will the Government consider the advisability of making representations to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies with reference to the constitution of this Council being amended in order to permit of Kowloon being represented on this Council?

2.—If the construction of a public pier at the end of Nathan Road is impracticable, will the Government favourably consider the erection of a public pier at the end of Jordan Road?

3.—Will the Government state what steps it is prepared to take in order to meet the desires of the Kowloon Residents' Association in regard to the improvement of traffic regulation in the vicinity of the Star Ferry Wharf at Kowloon?

4.—With a view to the increase of public bathing facilities in the Colony, will the Government

(i) put up additional bathing cubicles, and pavilion accommodation, for the use of the public, at Repulse Bay?

(ii) put up bathing cubicles, and a pavilion, for the use of the public, at the Bay near Stanley where private bathing sheds have already been erected?

5.—Will the Government (in accordance with the recommendations of the Bathing Beaches Committee contained in Sessional Paper No. 13 of 1925), expend a sum, then estimated at \$7,115, with an annual wages bill for boatmen and coolies of \$560 for the season, in providing bathing cubicles, a shelter or pavilion, sanitary conveniences, boats, buoys, rafts, fresh water, etc., at Cheung Sha Bay, which is on the motor road a few miles nearer to Kowloon than Castle Peak Bay?

6.—Will the Government take steps to enable the residents of Kowloon Tong to have a sufficient water-supply for the flush closet system, which system has been installed in their houses in accordance with the original building scheme?

7.—Will the Government utilise one of the strips of Government land abutting on Salisbury Road as a playground for Kowloon children? Will the Government also inquire into the possibility of various unutilised pieces of land abutting on Nathan Road being temporarily used for the purposes of children's playgrounds?

8.—Will the Government consider the advisability of a simple granite Memorial being erected on the Praya Wall, between Queen's Pier and the Star Ferry Wharf, in order to commemorate the fact that the late Sir Paul Chater was the originator of two important Reclamations on the South side of the Harbour, namely, one from the Royal Naval Yard Westward to West Point, and the other from the Royal Naval Yard Eastward to East Point?

The Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes will ask:—

1.—What information can the Government lay before the Council as to the parking prepared site for the new prison situated in Kowloon Bay?

2.—What are the daily average of prisoners in 1927 in:—

(a) Victoria Gaol.
(b) Lai Chi Kok Gaol.

3.—Does the Government consider these prisons to be overcrowded?

4.—If yes, when is it proposed to proceed with increased accommodation?

Apart from the above questions the only other business on the agenda is the second reading of the Ordinance to suppress and prevent abuses in the management of Chinese temples and in the administration of the funds of Chinese temples.

LUZON SAVAGES.

ACCUSED OF TRIPLE MURDER.

MANILA, April 1st.

Three persons, Melchor Molina, Aurelio Molina and Joaquin Velasco, were mysteriously murdered on Friday afternoon in barrio Banban, Benguet, Ilocos Norte, according to a telegram received at consular headquarters yesterday from the provincial commander of Ilocos Norte.

The assailants are believed to be Inegs, a tribe of non-Christians in northern Luzon. The Constabulary are conducting an investigation.—*Manila Times*.

STEAM GAUGE THIEF.

SENTENCED AT CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

AN OLD WOMAN'S PLEA.

The first case to come before the Criminal Sessions which opened at the Supreme Court yesterday was that of a Chinese named Chan Ngau, alias Chan Man, charged with stealing a steam gauge, the property of the Hong Kong Excavation and Pile Driving Company.

The case was heard before Mr. Justice J. R. Wood and Mr. Somerset Fitzroy prosecuted. The prisoner was not legally represented.

Outlining the case, Mr. Fitzroy said that the prisoner was seen in Yumati on March 16th trying to sell a steam gauge. He was taken to the Police Station on suspicion, where he admitted having stolen the gauge from No. 98, Connaught Road. The prisoner pleaded guilty at the Magistrate.

Mr. Fitzroy added that there were previous convictions against the prisoner but they were only of a minor nature. His Lordship: How long has he been out of prison?—He was discharged on October 27th, 1926.

Prisoner in his statement to the Court said that after his discharge from gaol, he was unemployed for several months. He, however, managed to secure employment with the Hong Kong Excavation and Pile Driving Company. He had been there until a week before his arrest.

He left his job on account of the man employed above him. This man was rather excitable and had always flurried him.

An aged Chinese woman who was sitting in Court stood up and said that she was a clanswoman of the prisoner. She had known him since the day he was born. The prisoner had lodged with her and had paid her rent.

His Lordship sentenced prisoner to nine months' hard labour.

On hearing the sentence, the old woman exclaimed: "Don't put him in prison, my Lord."

His Lordship: Why, not?—He has a mother to support, my Lord.

Cases On The Calendar.

There are two more cases on the calendar for this session. This morning a Chinese named Sung Wing will appear before the same Judge on a charge of robbery by two or more.

The murder charge against Sudagar Singh, for the alleged murder of Jatta Singh at Laidikok is down for hearing on April 23rd.

STONE-THROWING SOLDIERS.

ULLMANN'S WINDOW SMASHED.

Another window was smashed on Tuesday night by Private C. Hood, of "B" Company, K.O.S.B.'s. The night watchman employed by J. Ullmann & Co., of Chater Road, reported that about midnight on Tuesday he saw a soldier of the K.O.S.B.'s, coming down the road from Ice House Street. The man stepped in the middle of the road opposite Ullmann's and flung a large piece of granite through the window. The watchman blew his whistle and the soldier immediately threw two more stones at a second window. The three stones were found later one outside and two inside the shop. The policemen attracted by the whistle ran up and arrested the soldier who was taken to the Central Police Station. His case will come up to-day at 10 a.m. at the Central Magistrate.

It appears that very little damage has been done except to the two windows, but this is estimated at \$365. The glass of a show-case standing just inside the window was also broken and a few small statuettes damaged, but the loss is not put at more than about \$50.

It will be remembered that only five days ago two soldiers of the Queen's Regiment were sentenced for having thrown stones at the windows of the Prince's Café in Beaconsfield Arcade, and this particular form of amusement is by no means unknown at home especially at Aldershot, as means of obtaining a discharge, if not at all an enviable one, from the Service.

PHILIPPINES MARRIAGE LAW.

PRIESTS AND MINISTERS REGISTERED.

TEN DAYS' "CLOSE SEASON" FOR WEDDINGS.

Beginning to-day, says the *Manila Times* of April 1st, no marriage in the Philippines can be contracted except by men from 16 years old or upward and women from 14 years old up, and can be performed only by justices of the peace and judges and by duly registered priests or ministers of the gospel.

The new law which regulates the contracting of marriages goes into full force and effect from to-day, and provides among other things that 10 days shall be required for the banns before any marriage can be effected. From to-day until April 10th there practically will be no marriages except where the names of the contracting parties have been previously announced under the practices of the Roman Catholic Church.

Swamped With Applications.

Attorney J. L. del Castillo of the Philippine Library and Museum, who is in direct charge of the issuance of certificates to priests or ministers, said yesterday his office is being swamped with applications from all parts of the islands by priests and ministers, such applications being accompanied by postal money orders for P.2.50 which is the amount of the prescribed registration fee.

According to Mr. Del Castillo, under the rules and regulations drawn up by his office for the enforcement of the new marriage law, priests and ministers of the gospel, before due authorization to marry is issued to them, are required to have the proper indorsement of their respective bishops. He said there has been no difficulty in issuing certificates to priests of the Catholic Church and of the Aglipay Church.

Difficulty Over Protestant Ministers.

But as regards ministers of the different Protestant denominations, he declared that a careful investigation is being made before they can be extended the necessary certificate. Except ministers of the Church of Christ, which is a Protestant denomination located in Laoag, Ilocos Norte, no Protestant minister has been authorized to perform marriage ceremonies so far. The total number of registered priests and ministers who are authorized to solemnize marriages is 893.

The New Law.

The provisions of the new law briefly are as follows: The Municipal secretary or clerk of the City of Manila, upon receipt of application for a marriage licence, shall require the production of the birth certificates of the contracting parties or copies of such documents duly attested by the persons having custody of the originals. In the absence of such documents an affidavit may be submitted. The parents or nearest kin of the contracting parties shall be preferred as witnesses. The officials aforementioned shall post during 10 days in a conspicuous place in their respective buildings a notice setting forth the full names and domiciles of the applicants. The licence then will be issued at the end of 10 days. These requisites are not necessary where banns are practised by the officiating priest or minister.

No particular form for the ceremony is required, but the marriage shall be solemnized publicly in the office of the court or municipal government or in the church, chapel or temple, according to whether the marriage is solemnized by an official or by a priest or minister of any religion.

Penalties ranging from two months' imprisonment up or heavy fines are provided for violations of the provisions of the new law.

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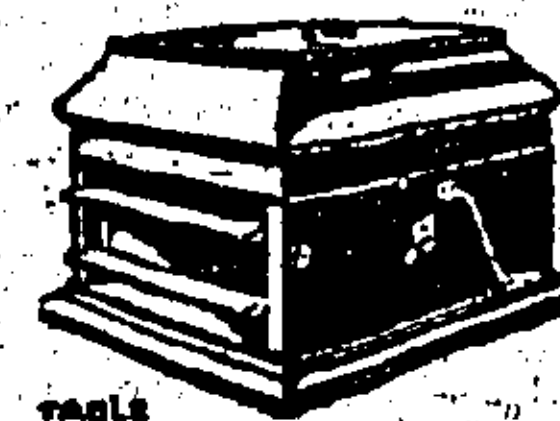
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"MARCHANT'S WHISKY AND SODA PLEASE"

is the call of those whose good taste enables them to appreciate, and prefer, an old, well-matured whisky.

MARCHANT'S GOLD LABEL WHISKY

is supplied to the Ward-rooms and Messes of the Navy, Army and Air Force

throughout the world, and can now be obtained at the leading Clubs and Hotels in Hong Kong.

Buy a Bottle for the House.

Obtainable from the leading Stores of the Sole Agents:

T. E. GRIFFITH, LTD.

6, Queen's Road Central.

Tel. 3517.

(A.2.15)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LIMITED, will be held in the Board Room of Messrs. SHAW, TONG & CO., 2nd Floor, Building, Charter Road, Hong Kong, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd Day of MAY, 1928, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors and a Statement of Accounts for the Year ending 31st December, 1927, and of electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 23rd APRIL, 1928, to 2nd MAY, 1928, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HERBERT B. STURT,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 19th Apr., 1928. [6152]

HONG KONG FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

THE Following GAMES will be Played on SATURDAY, the 21st, on the HONG KONG FOOTBALL CLUB GROUND—

CHINESE ATHLETIC
ROYAL NAVY.

Kick off at 3.30 p.m.

LAI WAR CUP FINAL—
CIVILIANS
THE ARMY.

Kick off at 5 p.m. SHAW.

Gross Proceeds from these Games to the Dependents of the LATE TROOPMASTER JACKSON. Band of H.M.S. Hermes (by kind permission) will play Selections during the AFTERNOON. [6150]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG.

PROBATE JURISDICTION.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE of TSOI WING KIM, Late of No. 10, ARBUTHNOT ROAD, VICTORIA, in the Colony of HONG KONG, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has, by virtue of Section 38 of The Probates Ordinance 1897 (No. 2 of 1897), made an Order Limiting the Time for sending in Claims to or against the above Estate to the 15th Day of MAY, 1928.

Creditors and Claimants are hereby required to send their Claims to the Undersigned by the above Date.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1928.

WOO AND NASE,
Solicitors for the Executors,
Nos. 4 & 6, Queen's Road Central,
Hong Kong. [6151]

HONG KONG CRICKET CLUB. TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

SUBJECT to Ground and Weather Conditions the following is the Proposed Programme:—

THURSDAY, 19th APRIL.—
YELLOW TICKET.
SEMI-FINAL DOUBLES
(Lower Half).

FRIDAY, 20th APRIL.—
GREEN TICKET.
SEMI-FINAL DOUBLES
(Upper Half).

TUESDAY, 24th APRIL.—
BLUE TICKET.
SEMI-FINAL SINGLES.
No 22 KWONG v. S. A. BOWMAN.

WEDNESDAY, 25th APRIL.—
PINK TICKET.
SEMI-FINAL SINGLES.
E. C. FISHER v. T. HODDA.

RESERVED SEATS may Now be Booked at Messrs. MOUTRIE & CO. Prices: \$1 Each. [6147-]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 23rd Day of APRIL, 1928, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at New Kowloon in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st June, 1893, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in square feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
No. 1197.	Boundary Street near Ma Tau Wei.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	438,800 2,000	120,000	
		As per sale plan.			

INTIMATIONS.

CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED. NOTICE.

THE FIFTIETH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Office of the General Agents, JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., 2nd Floor, 24th APRIL, 1928, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts of the Year ending 31st December, 1927.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 17th to 24th APRIL, 1928, Both Days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Agents. [6129]

HONG KONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held on TUESDAY, 24th APRIL, 1928, at 4 p.m., in the CITY HALL, for the following purposes:—

(1) To receive the Report and Accounts for the Committee for the Year ended 31st December, 1927.

(2) To elect a new Committee.

(3) To transact any General Business.

By Order,
M. F. KEY,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 17th Apr., 1928. [6145]

NOTICE.

MONIES Up to \$30,000 are Available for Investment on 1st Class Mortgage Security subject to a Trustee Valuation.

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Princes' Building.
[6112]

FOR SALE.

NEWSPAPER PRINTING MACHINE. In thoroughly Good Order. Capable of Printing Four Pages at One Time of the Average Size Newspaper. Apply Box 6117, c/o Daily Press Office. [6117]

WHY Continue to suffer, when you reach—Pimples, Catarrh, Anemia, Bronchitis, Cough, Constipation, Diabetes, Dropsy, Rheumatism, and many other diseases. No Drugs. Purely Chinese Herbs.

POO ON HERBS CO.,
66, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, 1st FLOOR.

TO LET—OFFICE, ASIATIC BUILDING—Apply P.O. Box 22. [6148]

TO LET—From 1st MAY, Four Roomed BUNGALOW together with Garage on MOTOR ROAD near MAGARINS GAR. Fully Furnished, Modern Conveniences.—P.O. Box 22. [6141]

TO LET—From 1st MAY, Four Roomed HOUSE, LUGARD ROAD, THE PEAK. Fully Furnished, Modern Conveniences.—P.O. Box 22. [6142]

TO LET—Fully Furnished with Servants for Six Months from 1st JUNE, 191. THE PEAK, MOUNT KELLY, 5 Roomed Concrete HOUSE All Modern Conveniences. Rain Proof. Apply: HARTINGS, DENNIS AND WILEY, 8, DES VOGES ROAD CENTRAL. [6123]

NEWLY Furnished 5 Roomed BUNGALOW, MAGARINS GAR, Tennis Court, Modern Sanitation. TO LET for 6 Months from 1st JUNE. Moderate Rental to Suitable Tenant. Apply Box No. 6133, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6133]

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MISSES WOODS wish to (Announce their Departure from the Colony for Good on MAY 30th by "ENTRANCE OF ASIA" and to give Notice that they TERMINATE their DANCING TUITION on MAY 4th. Pupils should book Early for the YALE BLUES, a Dance that it is most Essential to Learn.—Studio: 3, BRACONFIELD ARCADE. TEL. C. 3123. [6128]

LOST UMBRELLA on MONDAY, on the ROAD between REFUGEE BAY and HONG KONG. Anyone Returning Same to the HONG KONG or REFUGEE BAY HOTEL will be Rewarded. [6129]

TO LET—From 1st MAY, Nice Furnished FLAT in Desirable Part of NATHAN ROAD. Modern Conveniences. Reasonable Rental.—Apply Box 530, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6136]

INTIMATIONS.

WATSON'S Dry Ginger Ale

A WELL ESTABLISHED FAVOUR. ITS OF PROVED HIGH QUALITY.

Prepared from our own special formula, flavoured with real fruit essences and the finest Eastern spices.

Unequalled by any similar product throughout the world.

FORMAZONE

The non-alcoholic Champagne. An excellent substitute for sparkling wine, possessing the same wonderfully stimulating and refreshing qualities.

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SPARKLING MINERAL WATER.

A Delicious Table Water, healthful and refreshing.

Blends excellently with Wines and Spirits, especially Whisky.

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Aerated Water Manufacturers. ESTABLISHED 1841.

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The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, APRIL 19th, 1928.

CHEMICAL WARFARE.

SIR HERBERT RUSSELL, a well-known writer on naval and military affairs, while disbelieving in any disarmament scheme as yet propounded wishes that chemical warfare could be abolished and armed conflict restored to the clean and chivalrous traditions which the Great War rudely shattered.

While the "Golden Age," when men were all good and happy, is not regarded as historically credible there is still less cause to think that men were ever satisfied with warfare or willing to admit that the other side was "playing fair." It is safe to assume that Stone Age warriors were deeply shocked at the savage and barbarous swords and spears of the men of the Bronze Age. The Romans were equally outspoken about the employment of elephants and the knights of the Middle Ages regarded it as an insult to their order, and a menace to their civilisation, that they should be worsted by English yeomen with long-bows. The archers in turn could say nothing too bad about the new-fangled "bombards" which were beginning to disgrace warfare. The process is continuous and older people to-day can recall the woe and the misgivings which accompanied the final abolition of muskets and yards in the British fleet.

During the Great War popular indignation was centred against three things—the submarine, poison gas and aerial bombing. But these are as natural developments as the introduction of armour or the passing of the musket in favour of the rifle and machine gun. War is tremendously progressive. It provides the urge which makes men accept new things against their will. It has a foremost place in the development of mankind. The Great War has altered men's mentality, has ushered in a new receptivity and unprecedented willingness to accept what is new without murmur. One remembers the storms of hatred aroused by the motor, by the gramophone, by "wireless," the cinema and aviation have come in amid an atmosphere of interest and applause.

War's progress onwards cannot be changed however much we may dislike the process. "The Chemical Warfare" to which Sir HERBERT RUSSELL and many other right-minded persons object will go forward. The first military chemist, according to tradition, was ROGER BACON, the English monk who is supposed to have invented gunpowder. The high explosive that drives the relatively humane bullet is as much a product of the laboratory as mustard gas or the bacilli cults with which future warriors will be faced. Gunnery, aeronautics and naval architecture are founded upon the pure science of metallurgy, without which we should be back in the Napoleonic age of cast iron muzzle loaders and steel tempered by traditional and empirical methods.

It is chemistry that will end war. The submarine is not abolished because the weaker Powers claim it as their most likely weapon. The triumph of a battle of Copenhagen would be impossible nowadays. No fleet can operate against shore defences and submarines. A small State unable to defend her borders by means of the bodies of her citizens may very easily and inexpensively make herself impregnable by a barrage of gasses and plague germs. Chemical warfare will tend to an equality of military power. The smallest nation will become too dangerous to bully or attack. The warlike instinct is as alive as ever it was. Geneva chaffertags show little or no wish for peace but an earnest desire to secure relative advantages in preparation for war while at the same time limiting expense. War will only be removed as a factor in human affairs when science has made this "pursuance of policy by other means" so deadly that it is patently ridiculous to resort to the time honoured method of settling differences.

M. Jacques Thibaud, the famous French violinist, has arranged to give a concert here on June 16th.

Forthcoming weddings announced included that of Mr. J. H. Bottomley, architect, The Blarney Stone, Hong Kong, to Miss M. V. Rhodes, Wrose View, Baildon, Yorkshire, England.

The Chinese storekeeper of the P.W.D. charged with the theft of petrol was yesterday fined \$150 by Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Central Magistracy. Another Chinese who bought the petrol from the defendant had to pay \$75.

The two Chinese young women who summoned each other for assault and using abusive language were yesterday bound over in the sum of \$100 to keep the peace for six months. Mr. M. K. Lo represented one of them and Mr. D. L. Strellett the other.

We are informed that the coal cooke, who was convicted at the Kowloon Magistracy on the 16th inst., for larceny of twenty fathoms of Manila rope from the s.s. Hakusan Maru, was not employed by the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd. or on the Company's premises, as our report inferred.

The Bishop of Victoria together with Archdeacon Mok and the Rev. C. I. Blanchett left yesterday to attend the 6th Triennial Meeting of the General Synod of the Chinese Church (The Chung Hwa Sheng Kung Hui) to be held at Shanghai from the 21st to the 29th April. The Bishop hopes to return on May 5th. During his absence the Dean will act as Commissary. Official business will be attended to by the Diocesan Chaplain, Bishop's House, St. Paul's College.

Two further cases of attacks on people by dogs have been reported. Ernest Fowler (13) a schoolboy living in Great George-street, Causeway Bay, was bitten in the leg by a dog belonging to Mr. Forbes who lives at East Point. The lad was taken to the Government Civil Hospital, and the dog is under observation at Kennedy town. A Chinese postman was bitten by a dog belonging to Mr. Hewitt whilst delivering letters in Sassoon Road. He received hospital attention and the dog was taken to Kennedy Town.

AN ANALYSIS OF THOUGHT.

LECTURE BY H.E. THE GOVERNOR-NOR AT UNIVERSITY.

H.E. the Governor, Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G., Chancellor of the University of Hong Kong, delivered yesterday the first of a series of three lectures on "Elements in an analysis of thought and its activities." The address was given in the great hall of the University and besides a large number of students and others interested in the subject many prominent local people were present including: Lady Clementi, the Hon. Mr. H. T. Cressay, C.B.E., the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., His Lordship Bishop Valtorta, Sir Henry Pollock, K.C., the Hon. Sir Shouson Chow, Dr. T. W. Pearce, Mr. Allen Cameron, Mr. Kwok Siu Lau, Mr. F. A. Perry, Mr. M. P. Lalati, Dr. Tso, Mr. Wong Kwong Tin, Dr. W. B. A. Moore, the principal medical officer, Mr. Nightingale, Headmaster of the Central British School, and Mr. W. W. Hornell, Vice-Chancellor.

His Excellency said he had undertaken to deliver three lectures in the hope that others might be encouraged to deliver public lectures at the University. He had chosen "An analysis of thought and its activities" as his subject, as it was one of the most useful things one could do. The existence of thought could not be doubted, that thought existed was the basis of any study and the study of thought was a special, essential and most interesting science.

The sentence "Here is a room" was analysed during the course of a technical psychological lecture and the processes and different forms of thought which went to its making fully explained. The other two lectures on the same subject will be delivered on April 25th and May 2nd.

After the lecture Mr. W. W. Hornell thanked His Excellency on behalf of all who had listened to him.

DEATH OF MR. J. BLYTH.

AN OLD RESIDENT.

FORMER EMPLOYEE OF KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

The death took place at the Kowloon Hospital of Mr. J. Blyth at 11 a.m. yesterday.

The late Mr. Blyth, who was 55 years of age, had been for many years in the employ of the Kowloon-Canton Railway. He retired on pension about two years ago and had since been in failing health. The deceased first came to China with the Royal Marines at the time of the Boxer uprising in 1900. He had never been on home leave since.

SQUABBLE OVER A WIFE.

TWO HAKKA'S CLAIM TO BE LEGAL HUSBAND.

WIFE'S INDIFFERENCE.

A very complicated case concerning two Hakkas who both made a claim to be the legal husband of a young Chinese girl was heard before Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday afternoon. The defendant stated that with the consent of his father he had taken this girl, named Ng Ying, as his concubine. The marriage was arranged by a certain go-between, and the usual price had been paid. He married her at the end of August last year and they had lived in the country till the end of the year, after which he came to Hong Kong with his "wife" and went to stay at Kap Sek Mui. He had lived there ever since. Asked by the Magistrate who was the certain "go-between," the defendant replied that he only knew that his name was Yip Chun, and that he was a professional vendor of women and children.

The Magistrate: "In what capacity? As a kidnapper? Defendant: He dealt in the traffic of human beings whom he bought and sold."

Married When Four Years Old.

The complainant in the case then told the court that the "girl" in question was his legal wife, and that they were married when she was only four years of age. Up till the present she had always lived with him in their home. He said that he did not know the defendant personally, but had seen his wife in conversation with the defendant who had frequently called at his village. She had told him that she was going to visit her relatives on the 18th February last year and that was the last time that he had seen her. Later he had received a letter from his friends in Hong Kong saying that his wife was living with the defendant and he immediately came in search of her. He found her living with the defendant, and when he asked her to come with him, she was unwilling and indifferent. The young woman in question had denied that she knew the complainant, but later declared that she was sold by him.

The Magistrate said that the defendant admitted harbouring the girl, but it remained to be seen whether he would admit that he married her knowing that she was already married.

Lee Mui, a woman who lived in the same village as the complainant stated that she knew the girl, Ng Ying, as the legal wife of the complainant. She also knew the defendant for about two years. She said that he did nothing for a living but walk around carrying guns and revolvers.

His Worship finally decided that the complainant was the true and legal husband of the woman and upon the defendant he imposed a fine of \$100 with the alternative of two months' imprisonment.

STUDENTS OF FOREIGN UNIVERSITIES.

NEW UNION HOLDING INAUGURAL MEETING TO-DAY.

Eighty nine Hong Kong professional and business men of the Chinese community, who have studied abroad in the colleges and universities of Great Britain, Europe and America, and have become charter members of the newly organized Euro-American Chinese Returned Students Union of Hong Kong, are holding their inaugural meeting in the form of a tea party at the roof-garden of the Hong Kong Hotel this afternoon from four-thirty to seven o'clock.

Mr. Y. H. Tsao, the Secretary of the organization, informs us that these members represent more than thirty colleges and universities and there are six women members of the organization also. The eight members of the Organizing Committee are alumni of Durham, London, Cambridge and Edinburgh, among the British universities, and of Columbia, Yale, Missouri and Cornell, among the American.

OPIUM SMUGGLING IN CHINA.

MUST BE ATTACKED AT SOURCE.

NO FACTORY STARTED IN KWANTUNG.

[THROUGH ANOTHER AGENCY.]

GENEVA, April 17th.

That it was hopeless to attempt to prevent the smuggling of narcotics into China was the opinion expressed by Mr. Lyall, the Assessor, when the Opium Committee discussed the United States 1927 report on opium and the dangerous drugs traffic.

Long experience, he said, had taught him that prevention of smuggling to China was hopeless and the only remedy was to attack smuggling at its source.

Sir John Campbell (India) stated that all measures of control mentioned in the American report were already in force in India. He denied that large quantities of prepared opium could have been exported from India into the Philippines, since no prepared opium was manufactured in India.

The Government of India, he declared, exercised a most rigid control on the export of opium.

Large Consignment Captured.

The Committee also considered the report of Japan for 1925-26 as regards the measures taken for the control of the drug traffic in Japan.

The Chairman thanked Viscount Sato for his explanations.

Sir John Campbell asked what became of the large quantity of cocaine manufactured in Japan. He cited a recent large seizure on its arrival at the Hoogly River from Kobe. He declared that the importations of Japan were forty times more than the country's legitimate requirements.

In the afternoon, Viscount Sato, replying to Sir John Campbell's criticisms, contested the genuineness of the labels on the smuggled cocaine. Only one-tenth of the narcotics smuggled into India, he declared, emanated from Japan.

Japan Willing To Conform.

The latter had assumed responsibility for the seizure on the Hoogly River and would investigate the matter, but Japan could not be held responsible for all the smuggling carried on in Japanese steamers.

Viscount Sato quoted statistics in demonstration of the substantial reduction in Japanese imports. The manufacturers of cocaine and morphine had admitted evasions with regard to cocaine, but other countries were also exporting considerable quantities of narcotics.

Japan was willing to conform with a measure of restriction of manufacture, if the restriction were applied all round, but otherwise she was unable to undertake to reduce manufacture.

Sir John Campbell in reply, observed that Japanese co-operation was necessary to the stopping of evasions. He generally speaking, expressed satisfaction with Viscount Sato's statement.

Mukden Rumours.

Both Viscount Sato and Mr. Chao addressing the Opium Committee, denied the rumours that companies are being formed to establish morphine factories in Kwantung and Mukden.

7 SMALL-POX FATALITIES LAST WEEK.

There were seven small-pox fatalities last week and four fresh cases were reported, all Chinese.

Other cases of notifiable disease were:—

Diphtheria, 3: 1 British, 2 Chinese. 1 fatality.
Enteric, 3: 1 Scottish (imported), 2 Chinese.
Relapsing fever, 9: Chinese.
Cerebro-spinal fever, 2: Chinese.
Typhoid fever, 1: Chinese.
Influenza fatality, 1.
On Tuesday one case, Chinese, of enteric was notified.

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.10 p.m., stated:—

The anti-cyclone is unchanged and the depression probably remains over Indo-China.

Local Forecast:—E. winds, fresh, generally overcast, some rain.

TSINING CAPTURED BY CHRISTIAN GENERAL.**SHANTUNG FORCES READY FOR IMMEDIATE RETREAT.****TROOPS MASSING ON TIENSIN-PUKOW RAILWAY.****SUCCESSFUL COUNTER-ATTACK BY SHANSI ARMY.**

Reports, both from *Reuter* and the vernacular papers, state that Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang, the Christian General, has taken Taining. The Northerners have retreated to Yenchow, having suffered heavy casualties.

Despatches from Peking still claim that Sun Chuan Fang is operating near Fenghsien and intends to make an attack upon Hsuechow. If he is really in this locality he must be completely cut off from all hope of reinforcements, as the armies of both Chiang Kai Shek and Feng Yu Hsiang are now between him and his allies. His army is believed to be both small and ill-equipped, never having entirely recovered from a serious defeat in Shantung last year.

The Northerners are massing troops all along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway, and evidently intend to fight every yard of it, should they be driven back.

A message from Marshal Feng's army states that two Shantung divisional commanders are negotiating to come over to the Kuomintang. General Sun Liang Cheng, one of Marshal Feng's leading generals, has promised to include them in his army.

After a day or two of silence, further news has arrived from Taiyuen, capital of Shansi. The Shansi troops have counter-attacked and driven the Fengtsees out of Tsingting, and are planning an attack on Shekchiachong and Tsingting.

CAPTURE OF TSINING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 18th. A message from Nanjing states that Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang claims that the Kuomintang captured Tsining on Monday afternoon, taking 2,000 Shantung prisoners.

TSINING FALLS TO FENG.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, April 18th. Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang's troops, operating in Western Shantung, claim that they have captured Tsining on the 10th inst. The Northerners fell back on Yenchow which is now in a critical position. The Fengtsees opposed to Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang have retreated northward, fearing that they might be cut off.

DESSERTERS FROM THE NORTH.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, April 18th. A military report from Lanjing states that two divisional commanders of the Shantung army are sending a delegation to approach the Kuomintang with a view to surrendering. General Sun Liang Cheng has promised to incorporate them in his army.

PRISONERS OF WAR.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, April 18th. The Southern Headquarters reports that since the commencement of the expedition, the Kuomintang Army has captured about 40,000 Northern prisoners.

MORE FIRING ON BRITISH VESSELS.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

HANKOW, April 17th. More British vessels have been fired at by soldiers at a spot nine miles below Hankow. There has been a stoppage on the railway at Pengsu brought about by a collision. The line was expected to be in working order by yesterday.

MORE TROOP MOVEMENTS.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

HANKOW, April 17th. More troop movements are reported. There are thousands of soldiers moving in the Middle River District. The 8th Independent Division are proceeding from Shao to Ichang, and troops have also been observed going up river to Shao. These are presumed to belong to the 19th Army.

LINCING AGAIN RE-CAPTURED.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

NANKING, April 17th. A reliable report states that the 4th Army, under the command of General Chang Fat Fui, have captured Lincing on the Pukow-Tungchien Railway, on the north of Hsuechow. The Northern army, after meeting with a severe defeat, have retreated to Wenchow.

"BREMEN'S" NIGHT-MARE FLIGHT.**REVOLVER AS LAST RESORT.****STORY OF THE FLIGHT.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, April 17th. The first-hand account of the landing of the *Bremen* on the desolate ice-bound island of Greenly off the Labrador coast, has been given at St. John's, New Brunswick, by Miss Greta Ferris, of the Grenfell Mission.

The details correspond in the most important particulars with the accounts already received.

The Last Resort.

The airman's first words in their respective languages on climbing out of the plane were "Thank God!"

Miss Greta Ferris states that Baron Von Huchefeld cold and exhausted after the battle with the elements, had been toying with a revolver in the last stages fearing that the *Bremen* would never be able to reach land.

He was ready to shoot his companions and himself as a last resort.

"Bremen's" Lights Fall.

A message from Quebec "four hundred miles flown in darkness" was the laconic comment of Baron Von Huchefeld, describing to a wireless operator at Point Amour how the failure of the lighting system on the *Bremen*'s instrument board on Thursday night nearly resulted in disaster.

When dawn arrived it brought with it a blizzard. The machine was blown off its course and brought down dangerously low.

"Only with the greatest difficulty were we able to keep her up."

Exhausted But Happy.

HALIFAX, April 18th. Von Huchefeld says in a wireless message from Point Amour that the "Bremen's" flight lasted 36 hours. They climbed to 2,000 feet off Newfoundland, but where unable to escape the fog. Descending to 50 feet they found the high seas shrouded in fog.

They steered throughout the night in a heavy storm, and crossed a river at dawn.

They missed a mountain looming ahead by re-ascending, when they sighted a light at midday.

At first they thought it was a steamer, but it proved to be a light-house, and they landed, "exhausted but happy."

New York Flight Abandoned.

Colonel Fitzmaurice has arrived at Clark City.

News from Montreal of the stranded aviators states that the idea of flying the *Bremen* from Greenly Island to New York has been abandoned, and all three aviators will leave for New York in the quickest manner possible.

"Montcalm" Called Back.

OTTAWA, April 18th. The Government steamer *Montcalm*, which has been unsuccessfully endeavouring to force a passage through the icefields to Greenly Island, has been ordered to return to its regular patrol.

Officials consider that the risk incurred by the steamer in reaching the island is unnecessary, as aeroplanes can safely take off the air-men.

FRANCE'S REVENUE.**BIG SURPLUS ON FORECAST.**

[THROUGH HAVAS AGENCY.]

PARIS, April 16th. The revenue returns for March reached 2,687,000,000 francs, showing an increase of 157,000,000 on March, 1927, and an excess of 251,000,000 on budget forecasts.

DAY OF THE MOTOR SHIP.**FIGURES FOR LAST QUARTER.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 17th. The striking progress in motor-ships is again emphasised in Lloyd's quarterly returns.

These show that the motor-ship tonnage at present being built throughout the world totals 1,480,000, compared with 1,300,000 for steam tonnage, notwithstanding the fact that the number of steamers under construction is 369 and motor-ships only 275.

Of the total tonnage of 2,983,000 at present under construction, British yards are building 1,441,000, a reduction of 139,000 compared with the previous quarter.

JAPAN'S INTERESTS IN SHANTUNG.**NO ARMY ACTION NECESSITATED.****NAVAL FORCE INCREASED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, April 18th.

At a conference at the Foreign Office, Naval and Military authorities were practically unanimous in favour of the despatch of troops to Shantung if the situation became more threatening. They decided that the situation did not yet necessitate action.

Pending further developments, the Government is increasing the naval force at Tsingtao to be ready for an emergency.

The Tsingtao Force.

EARLIER.

Subject to Cabinet approval, the Naval authorities have decided to order two cruisers and four destroyers, which are now cruising, to proceed to Tsingtao.

It is also likely that the cruiser *Yatsu* with a landing force of 250 bluejackets will be sent to Tsingtao from Yokosuka.

As one Japanese cruiser is already at Tsingtao, the total landing force which will be made available by the new orders will be about 900. The Army authorities are considering the despatch of a brigade from Japan if the situation becomes more serious.

FIRE RAGES FOR SEVEN HOURS.**HUGE DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.****NO CASUALTIES.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, April 18th.

Over a thousand buildings have been destroyed at Hirotsuki, northern Japan, including four schools, two banks, six hospitals and a church, as a result of a fire which raged for seven hours before it would be got under control. Damage is estimated at over a million yen. There were no casualties.

STRIFE AMONG THE LEADERS.**INDIAN STRIKE CHECKED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BOMBAY, April 18th.

Differences among the labour leaders has checked the spread of the cotton strike. 15,000 operatives have returned, and nine out of nineteen mills have resumed normal working.

The remainder of the strikers profess a determination to carry on the stoppage.

GOLD STANDARD AND INDUSTRY.**LACK OF CREDIT FACILITIES.****POLICY DETERMINED BY "GOLD MOVEMENTS."**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 17th.

The first-fruits of the labours of the joint Industrial Conference of employers and Trade Union leaders, established in January, appear in a Memorandum communicated to the Chancellor of the Exchequer dealing with the effect of the Gold Standard on industry.

This declares that in view of expert fears with regard to the adequacy of the world's gold supply in the near future, and the prospect of a prolonged period of trade depression thereby opened up, it is essential that the elasticity of currency credit be so arranged that an industrial recovery will not be arrested, by lack of credit facilities.

The opinion is expressed in the Memorandum that under present conditions it is neither practicable nor desirable that the country's credit policy should be determined more or less automatically by gold movements, as before the War, nor that the Bank of England should be so tied down by the Gold Reserve law as to be unable fully to co-operate in the Genoa plan of 1922 for international co-operation in economising the use of gold, regulating the distribution thereof and preventing undue fluctuations in its value in terms of wealth.

NEW KNIGHTS OF THE GARTER.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, April 17th.

The King has approved that the following be appointed Knights of the Most Noble Order of the Garter: Earl of Athlone, Governor-General of South Africa; the Duke of Abercorn; and Lord Desborough.

TO MUCH OFFICIAL CONTROL.**JAPAN'S ATTACK ON SOCIAL SCIENCE.****GOVERNMENT UNIVERSITIES.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, April 18th.

Following the resignation of Professor Kawakami on April 18th, the Government's strong attitude on the question of the study of social science has been widely commented upon editorially. It is regarded as endangering the autonomy of the universities. Simultaneously educationalists have urged the Government to differentiate between study and action and cultivate sound, healthy thought.

The *Jiji*, analysing the cause of Communist ideas in educational institutions, considers that it is largely due to the re-action from over-much official control.

While dealing with this question it is interesting to note that the five Government universities of Japan total teaching staffs of 1,500, while they have nearly 20,000 students.

The average age of matriculation is between 22 and 24.

MURDER IN JAPAN.**INCREASE OF DEEDS OF VIOLENCE.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

OSAKA, April 17th.

The Japanese public is worried, on the one hand, with the recent discovery of Communist activities, and, on the other, with the increasing physical violence committed by pro-Government reactionaries.

The latest sensation, under the latter heading, is reported from Wakayama, thirty miles south of Osaka, where the local Minseitō member of the Prefectural Assembly has been stabbed to death with a dagger, together with two others.

Two were also seriously wounded at the same time that the murders were committed, as a result of a refusal to withdraw litigation against the police in connection with the recent General Election.

The assailants are followers of a local reactionary political boss.

BRITISH 4 PER CENT. LOAN.**LISTED IN NEW YORK.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, April 17th. The Stock Exchange has listed the United Kingdom and Northern Ireland four per cent. Loan, redeemable 1950/60, of which approximately \$288,000,000 is outstanding.

This is the largest foreign Government issue which has ever been listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

WAR IN NICARAGUA.**AMERICAN CASUALTIES.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, April 17th.

In response to a Senate resolution asking for information regarding the American operations in Nicaragua, the Navy Department has issued a statement, notifying that the United States Marines have lost 21 killed and 45 wounded.

Two hundred and two Nicaraguans are known to have been killed.

The additional cost of the Marine Corps as the result of the trouble now totals \$1,500,000.

INCREASE BRITAIN'S EXPORTS.**EXTENDING GUARANTEE SCHEME.**

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, April 17th.

Capt. D. H. Hocking, the Head of the Department of Overseas Trade, has engagements with a number of Chambers of Commerce with a view to discussing plans for increasing British exports.

His first engagement was with the Sheffield Chamber of Commerce today. On Thursday, he will be the guest of the Southampton Chamber of Commerce and on April 20th he will be the principal speaker at the annual meeting of the British Chambers of Commerce.

It is understood that the principal topic will be the extension of the export guarantee scheme.

DEATH PENALTY IN THE FORCES.**RETAINED FOR CERTAIN OFFENCES.****NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN MORALE.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 17th.

The House of Commons, by 199 votes to 107, rejected a Labour amendment to the Army and Air Force (Annual) Bill extending the abolition of the death penalty to the offences of cowardice and desertion.

The House also rejected, by 192 votes to 119, an amendment by Sir John Simon narrowing the issue to the question of the abolition of the death penalty for cowardice.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Labour Amendment.

RUGBY, April 17th.

The House of Commons debated the question of the death penalty on active service. Clause 4 of the Army and Air Force (Annual) Bill, which came up for discussion, provided for the abolition of the death penalty for certain offences.

Mr. Morrison (Labour) moved an amendment to extend the scope of the clause to various other offences, including cowardice and desertion.

Major Attlee (Labour) seconded, mentioning that the Labour Party was pledged to the abolition of the death penalty except in case of mutiny and treachery.

Lord Hugh Cecil (Conservative), while he was gratified that the Government had seen their way to go as far as they had gone, hoped they would not abandon the death penalty in cases where it was necessary for the efficient conduct of war.

Sir John Simon (Liberal) suggested that the penalty for cowardice should be penal servitude, instead of death. He moved an amendment with the object of making it apply only to cowardice.

Death Penalty As Deterrent.

Mr. Duff Cooper, Financial Secretary to the War Office, said the abolition of the death penalty for certain offences, as proposed by the Government, was not made as a concession to popular opinion. It was unanimously recommended by the Military Council.

It was proposed, in fact, to remove from the Army Act certain clauses which had hitherto cumulated it and which had not been of any real service for the carrying out of the purposes of the Act or in maintaining discipline in the Army. He defended the death penalty in certain cases, on the ground that it acted as a deterrent.

Take Law Into Their Own Hands. He said it had been found that where the death penalty was not executed on a man whom the rank and file knew to be a shirker and a coward, the men took the law into their own hands. In certain circumstances, raw as they might be, the retention of the death penalty was essential for the discipline of the forces, because the action of one man might produce not only the desertion of a small company or Platoon, but of the whole Army.

It was no graceful task, said Mr. Duff Cooper, to have to defend the retention of one of the many horrors of war, and the Government only did so because they were convinced it was necessary, in certain cases, to maintain the morale of the Army.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 17th.

The House of Commons passed the third reading of the Army and Air Force (Annual) Bill.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING.**CLOSER CO-OPERATION DISCUSSED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, April 17th.

The international banking conference which opened on Tuesday last week under the auspices of the League of Nations, has concluded its sittings.

The proceedings throughout have been private, but it is understood that the Conference, which was attended by representatives of twenty-four national banks, including America, dealt with a world-wide system for the interchange of information relating to exchanges and other characteristics of the various markets, with the object of facilitating international banking operations.

UNFITTED FOR HIGH COMMAND.**COLLARD PLACED ON RETIRED LIST.****OFFICERS' SENTENCES CONFIRMED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 17th.

Rear-Admiral Bernard Collard has been relieved of his command and will be placed on the Retired List as the result of the deliberations of the Board of the Admiralty, Mr. W. C. Bridgeman, the First Lord, announced to the House of Commons to-day.

Mr. Bridgeman made a long statement on the incidents on board H.M.S. *Royal Oak* and the subsequent courts-martial, and said that the Board of the Admiralty were of opinion that the initial blame for what happened lay with Rear-Admiral Collard in dealing with trivial causes of dissatisfaction in a manner unbecoming to his position and showing himself unfitted for high command.

The Board had decided, despite his good services in the past, to place him on the retired list.

Sentences Confirmed.

As regards Captain Dewar and Commander Daniel, the Board confirmed their sentences in order to mark their disapproval of their action, but the sentences did not preclude them from further employment in due course should suitable vacancies occur.

Mr. Bridgeman further announced that the Board of the Admiralty was carefully reviewing the Regulations in order to ascertain whether there were any grounds for the suggestion that officers and men might be uncertain how to act if they had a complaint to make against anyone of superior rank.

Subversion Of Discipline.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, April 17th.

As it had been suggested that the offences committed by the two officers were more or less technical in character, the Board thought it necessary to say it had taken a grave view of their conduct.

Commander Daniel having been ordered to give a report to Captain Dewar on certain events connected with the departure of the Rear-Admiral from his ship, supplemented it by an addition of his own, and made a report containing unnecessary comment on Rear-Admiral Collard, based on hearsay and partly making criticisms of an improper nature.

The Board were of opinion that officers of their experience must have been aware of the procedure for making complaint, and that the making of a complaint must not be used for the subversion of discipline of a superior officer.

Captain Dewar's Duty.

Captain Dewar should have deferred his junior officer from going beyond a formal report of facts which he had been ordered to prepare. He did not discourage Commander Daniel, but accepted his report, which was contrary to traditions and prejudicial to naval discipline.

The Board had, therefore, confirmed the sentences on these two officers, but had decided that these sentences should not preclude them from further employment.

Further Employment.

Mr. Bridgeman added that the Admiralty Board were making a careful review of the regulations in order to ascertain whether there were any grounds for the suggestion that officers and men might be uncertain how to act if they had any complaint to make against any officers of superior rank.

Commander Kenworthy (Labour) asked whether further employment in the case of Captain Dewar and Commander Daniel meant further employment at sea.

Mr. Bridgeman said he could not give an undertaking that they would be employed at sea because the number of vacancies was limited and he must wait until a suitable vacancy occurred.

HENRY FORD AMONG THE LIBERALS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, April 17th.

Mr. Henry Ford, the American motor manufacturer, was the guest of Mr. Lloyd George at a private luncheon party at the House of Commons. The Party included Lord Reading, Sir John Simon and other prominent Liberals.

LAWN TENNIS.

TABLES TURNED ON JAPANESE.

RUMJAHNS WIN.

In the replay of the match in the third round of the Open Doubles between the Indians, H. D. and S. A. Rumjahn, and the Japanese, T. Honda and T. Akiyama, which was abandoned last week on account of falling light when the score stood at 5 games all in the final set, the Rumjahns won in straight sets, 6-2, 6-0, 7-5.

In anticipation of another long struggle, a start was made at 4.15 p.m. but before the match had gone far it was evident that the Rumjahns had control of the game. Yesterday's replay had a very different complexion from that of the first match, the Indians showing a marked all round improvement, while the Japanese showed a corresponding falling off in form. Benefiting by experience in the first encounter, the Rumjahns took their opponents more seriously and throughout appeared cautious, seldom taking risks. By this method they broke their opponents up and soon after the match started they had the first set in hand.

Rumjahns Lead.

Opening the match, the Japanese claimed the first game on Honda's service, but the Rumjahns took the next two. Honda and Akiyama equalised and it appeared that a good struggle would be seen for the first set. The Indians, however, played steadily and directing their attack on Akiyama whose lobbs did not prove effective enough, they won the next four games for the set. In the second set the Rumjahns showed marked superiority and won it at love. The winners' combination and attack proved very formidable, in face of which the Japanese weakened, Honda finding it hard to control the ball and Akiyama failing in overhead work at the net.

The third set proved to be the best of the match and a keen struggle took place for it. The Japanese rallied very well and from 2 all took the score to 4-2 in their favour. The Rumjahns then asserted themselves and by some careful play made the score even. The latter then led at 5-4, but the Japanese equalised. It proved to be their last effort, the Indians taking the next two games for the set and match.

The Play.

On the run of play the Japanese had little chance of winning yesterday. Honda failed to produce his true form and with the exception of a few hard drives and clever placements he did not give his opponents much trouble. The ex-champion appeared shaky and was not at all certain of his shots. Akiyama bore the brunt of his opponents' attack and could only play as well as his opponents allowed him to, but the biggest factor that turned the tables against the Japanese was the Indians' improvement. They made less errors and played carefully throughout. S. A. Rumjahn picked up some of his shots and smashed better than he did in the previous match. H. D. Rumjahn played consistently well throughout. Their combined efforts proved successful on many occasions, while their defence was sound, their lobbing troubling the Japanese a great deal.

Other Matches.

One other match was played in the Open Doubles in which Ng Sze Kwong and Ng Sze Cheung beat the Lee Brothers of South China Athletic Association, as expected. The latter however is a young pair and should be able to improve their game in future. The winners now meet A. V. Remedios and E. de Sousa, for the right to enter the Semi-final to meet R. H. B. Hancock and Dr. Tottenham.

Two very interesting matches in the Mixed Doubles were also decided. In the first Lt. Col. and Mrs. F. J. Wyatt had an uphill struggle with Mrs. Armstrong and G. W. Sewell and eventually won by the odd set. They now meet Miss Heard and S. E. Green in the Semi-final. In the other Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Sayer beat Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Stark in straight sets after some even play and thus (Continued on next column).

LOCAL FOOTBALL.

R.A. v. CHINESE ATHLETIC.

This League match was played at

Sookunpoo yesterday evening, and a very poor game resulted in a win for the Athletic by one goal to nil. The Artillery were without Leach at centre forward, and his absence took all the life out of the attack. Davis soon got away on the right wing and put across to Oliver, who took the ball behind, while Maltby tried a shot from long range which went high over the bar. The Athletic now got going, and a good run by Tso Kwai Shing and followed by a centre from which Wong Pak Cheong rushed between the backs. Fletcher came out, however, and just managed to clear in time. The same players were responsible for another clever movement just after, and Tso Kwai Shing had only the goalkeeper to beat, but put behind. The Athletic were doing most of the attacking at this stage, but neither of the forward lines were in anything approaching their usual form, and the play became most uninteresting. Chan Kwong Lu completed a good run with a shot which gave Fletcher some trouble, but the goalie was fouled in the act of clearing. After a corner had been forced on the left Wong Shui Wa gave Shau Pin Tin a fine pass, and the latter dribbled on and beat Fletcher with a fast drive which cannoned off the crossbar into the net. Half-time: Chinese Athletic, 1; R.A., 0.

Neither side were dangerous for some time after the resumption, but the Artillery eventually got away on the right wing, and Pau Ka Ping conceded a corner from Davis's centre, but Oliver shot wide from the centre. The Athletic transferred play to the other end, and Fletcher saved well from Suen Kam Suen, while a moment later Wong Pak Cheong nearly took the goalie by surprise with a first timer. Milner and Gill worked the ball down to the other end, but the Athletic came back and remained on the attack for some time, but their finishing was poor. A fine centre from Tso Kwai Shing led to a strenuous tussle in the goalmouth, which terminated when Suen Kam Suen shot wide. In the closing minute the Artillery put up a strong attack, and with a little more steadiness in front of goal would have equalised. Pau Ka Ping saved in good style from Gill and Jobe. Result: Chinese Athletic, 1; R.A., 0.

Terms:—

R.A.—Fletcher, Blanchard, and Excell; Maltby, Dowman and Hole; Davis, Oliver, Gill, Milner and Jobe.

Chinese Athletic:—Pau Ka Ping; Ng Kam Chuen and Lai Yuk Tat; Lam Yuk Ying, Wong Shui Wa and Ho Choi Hin; Tso Kwai Shing, Shau Pin Tin, Wong Pak Cheong, Suen Kam Suen and Chan Kwong Lu. Referee: Mr. Smith.

qualified for the Semi-final to meet Mr. Remington and H. Owen Hughes.

The detailed scores of yesterday's matches were as follows:—

Open Doubles.

3rd Round.
H. D. Rumjahn and S. A. Rumjahn beat T. Honda and T. Akiyama, 6-2, 6-0, 7-5.

2nd Round.

Ng Sze Kwong and Ng Sze Cheung beat Lee Wai Tsoi and Lee Woon Tsoi, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4.

Mixed Doubles.

Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Sayer (rec. 3/6) beat Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Stark (rec. 2/6) 6-4, 6-3.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. F. J. Wyatt (rec. 5/6) beat Mrs. Armstrong and G. W. Sewell (owe 15/3) 1-6, 9-7, 6-6.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

Open Doubles.

3rd Round.
Major R. H. Lucas and Major W. B. Stevenson v. Y. Sajiki and T. Isomura.

Ng Sze Kwong and Ng Sze Cheung v. A. V. Remedios and E. de Sousa.

Handicap Singles "B."

Semi-final.

H. V. Parker (rec. 15) v. J. Barrow (owe 15).

Mixed Doubles.

Mrs. Remington and H. Owen Hughes (owe 3/6) v. G. R. Sayer and Mrs. Sayer (rec. 3/6).

Miss Heard and S. E. Green (rec.) v. Lt. Col. F. J. Wyatt and Mrs. Wyatt (rec. 5/6).

ARMY RIFLE SHOOTING.

SOUTH CHINA COMMAND MEETING.

PRIZES DISTRIBUTED BY MRS. LUARD.

2nd BATTN. SCOTS GUARDS FINE WIN.

The second day of the South Command Rifle Meeting was held at the Kowloon City Range yesterday afternoon. Although not an inter-regiment competition the 2nd BATTN. Scots Guards took the lion's share of the prizes. Matches 3, 5, and 6 were completed yesterday and following the last match the prizes were distributed by Mrs. C. C. Luard. Among those present at the meeting were H.E. Maj.-General C. C. Luard, C.B., C.M.G. (G.O.C., South China Command), Lieut.-Col. Sir Victor McKenzie, Bart., D.S.O., M.V.O., O.C. the 2nd BATTN. Scots Guards, and Colonel Conyn, O.C. King's Own Scottish Borderers. Colonel R. G. Clarke, D.S.O., C.M.G., of the 1st Queen's Royal Regiment, had hoped to be present, but left for Home at noon yesterday by the s.s. *Empress of Canada*.

The conditions for the shoot yesterday were good considering the dullness of the weather. Major-General C. C. Luard congratulated the 2nd BATTN. Scots Guards on their fine display during the two days and for their popular win. He was also pleased to see the K.O.S.B.'s had won the Lewis Gun Competition. It was gratifying to see so many enter for the shooting competition and he thanked those who had all helped in making the "shoot" a success.

Mrs. C. C. Luard very kindly presented the prizes after which three hearty cheers were accorded.

The Results.

The results of yesterday's shooting were as follows:—

COMPANY AND BATTERY MATCH.—Won by 1st Headquarters Wing 2nd BATTN. Scots Guards who scored 18 points. The team comprised S. I. M. Slater, Team leader, and eight others, including C.S.M. Proven, the crack of the Scots Guards who won the main events of the Shoot. The remainder, except one, all figured in the individual prize list.

The second place was won by the Machine Gun Company, 1st Queen's Royal Regt., who also scored 16 points.

The former team, however, were given the winning position as they had 42 remaining rounds, while the latter team had only 28.

MACHINE GUN MATCH.—Won by No. 3 team of the 2nd BATTN. Scots Guards, with 119 points. No. 2 team of the same regiment came second with 73 points.

Lewis Gun Match.—Won by D. Company of the K.O.S.B.'s, with 75 points. C. Company of the same regiment won second place with 60 points.

To-day the Indian regiments of the Command will continue the meeting.

MURDER BY A GIRL.

BERLIN TYPIST'S SECRET LOVE AFFAIR.

KILLED WOMAN WHO KNEW.

Berlin is agitated at a crime committed by a typist. The body of a woman, Frau Schneider, was found on the back staircase of a business house by persons passing down, and the police were informed.

The latter discovered that the woman's throat had been cut and there had apparently been a struggle. The murdered woman had been employed to clean the office.

Suspicion gradually gathered around a typist who had been seen leaving the building in the evening, and she was arrested on her arrival at the office this morning.

Erna Anthony, the accused, who is 24, denied having committed the crime, but the detectives observed that she kept her hands clenched under her apron while being questioned. She was asked to show them, and on the inside were cuts which she tried to explain away. Finally, she confessed that she had murdered Frau Schneider.

It is believed that the girl, who was extremely sensitive, committed the crime in a fit of despair in view of the fact that Frau Schneider had knowledge of some love affair which the typist wished to keep secret. The character, it appears, had threatened to expose her.

It is 20 years since such a terrible crime has been committed by a woman in Berlin.

BASEBALL PROSPECTS.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR THE SEASON.

[BY HONOLULU KID.]

The Hong Kong Baseball Association held a meeting at the offices of the American Consulate yesterday evening to discuss the arrangements for this year's league games. It was decided that the stand should be completely covered in and that a Press box be erected just behind the catcher's position. The Press box would be big enough for six persons and would be well netted.

Other discussion concerned financial support to be given to teams who are not so well equipped. A suggestion was made that the Association should engage a promoter, who would be required to pay for the erection of the stand, advertising and other incidental expenses in return for a certain percentage on the gate receipts. The balance, after reserving a certain portion for the Association, would be divided among the playing teams.

Another member suggested that a pool should be made from the gate receipts and this should be divided among the teams competing in the league.

Personally I think that the idea of engaging a promoter would work out satisfactorily. Once a promoter gets hold of the business, he would see that it pays, and in order to do that, he would invite players from Shanghai, Japan and Honolulu to play a series of games here.

Baseball is still in its infancy here, and will have to be much uphill work before this form of sport can gain anything approaching the popularity of soccer, tennis or cricket. The Association could not do better than engage a promoter, who would have every inducement to further the game. The funds required to maintain the Association would be guaranteed, and every playing team would also be able to reimburse themselves for the money spent in balls, bat and other equipment. No team can be run for less than \$130 a season for equipment alone, and this is a big drain on some of the smaller clubs, like the Filipinos, who are a very small community in Hong Kong.

This matter, after some discussion, was left in abeyance until the next meeting. The date for the first game was provisionally fixed for May 10th.

CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE.

LIFE IN A FAMOUS FORCE.

KEEPERS OF THE PEACE IN THE FAR NORTH.

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police live a life of adventure, but comparatively little is known of them. An authoritative history of the Force, therefore, is welcome. This work, "The Silent Force," long sought by Mr. T. Morris Longstrech, who has spent a winter in the barracks with the men and accompanied them in their work.

Access to official reports and despatches has also helped him to produce not only an authoritative record, but an intimate account of a body of men who live in an atmosphere which thrills with interest and is full of adventure.

In the "Nineties," we are told, the logic of changes going on in the force was as direct as Euclid. To counteract the depression of arrival, the recruit was given a uniform enlivening to look at and engrossing to keep in order. The helmet and gauntlets were to be kept snow white—or inquiry followed. The scarlet serge was glorious, though an effective background for spots. The buttons were expected to glisten, and other parts of the equipment were to be kept well burnished, as well as the 38 cartridges in the belt.

The Force was now known wherever the English language was spoken; the gold and scarlet of the Plains riders was the most conspicuous lure to the adventurous in North America. "The son of a Halifax fisherman, an English parson dreamed once too often of the untrammelled" hierarchy of Mounted Police life, and said goodbye to home.

"If he stated to the recruiting officer that he was 21, and looked a fine subject, stood tall, breathed deep, and could stare a sergeant-major in the eye, he was given a fare to begin."

(Continued on next column.)

ELECTRIC "TOTE" IN FRANCE.

WHAT THE MACHINE MAY DO.

NOVEL FEATURES.

PARIS.

One of the greatest innovations on the French Turf since the day when bookmakers were banned, came into operation on March 28th, when the new electric automatic totalisator, built at Longchamp was used for the first time. The system may be adopted in England if the totalisator is installed.

One of the most interesting features of the Longchamp "tote" is that it will unify the betting in all three parts of the course—paddock, pavilion and pelouse—whereas, under the hitherto existing *pari-mutuel* there were separate returns for each of the three sections.

Conveniently situated, there are now 250 betting windows attached to the "tote." When a racegoer backs a horse at one of these windows, the employee there will work a machine, issuing tickets something like those of a cash register. To do this the employee turns a dial until the pointer is opposite the number of the horse the racegoer wishes to back. Then he presses a button, representing the amount of the bet, and immediately the machine issues a ticket, stating briefly the amount of the bet, the horse backed, and the race concerned.

The Odds At Any Moment.

At the same moment the particulars of the bet are automatically transmitted by electricity to the central building of the "tote," where each bet is automatically registered and shown on the outside, so that the total amount bet on each horse in a race can be instantly seen.

As the process of adding up is carried out almost instantaneously, the figures shown allow the public to calculate roughly at any moment the odds being prevailing against any particular runner.

The main building of the "tote" presents a striking appearance, and its length is equivalent to about thirty-eight medium-sized windows placed side by side.

The ground floor is taken up with twenty-four betting windows, while the first floor is occupied by thirty-seven windows lighting the interior. Above that to the eaves is nothing but a huge indicator board, divided into three sections.

In the central section—about two-thirds of the frontage—are arranged forty-two registers. To the left is the section of the huge board which shows the place bets on the runners and the total place bets; and here again there is provision for a field of forty-two registers.

To the right are the boards showing the runners and jockeys, the "tote" returns, and the notices with regard to changes in weight, objections, etc.

250 Betting Windows.

A striking peculiarity of the Longchamp "tote" is the provision made against the possibility of no means unlikely with 250 betting windows in action at once of two bets or more being made on the same horse exactly at the same moment. In this case there is an accumulative arrangement at the main building which permits of one bet waiting its turn till the one in front has been registered.

The "tote" stops working the moment the start of a race is given, and it is calculated that within one minute to two minutes of the winner passing the post the machine will have calculated the dividends and the returns will have been posted.

The chief advantage of the "tote" over the *pari-mutuel* is its much greater speed. The bets are registered quicker, and there is a saving of about ten minutes in announcing the official returns.

"A Terrible Man"

One day there was a new recruit fresh from the Salvation Army. He was "a simple sort of chap marked as a Heaven-sent object for practical jokes. When directed to go and be measured for his sentry box he disappeared with cheerful alacrity through the portals of the regimental sergeant-major's office, right into the jaws of the redoubtable Bobby Belcher, and God knows he was a terrible man to beard in his den in his official capacity."

"Sal" appeared in an incredibly short time, red in the face and looking very dazed and pained. This did not prevent him from parading the next Sunday with a large Bible under his arm, and attending the sergeant-major's Sunday school. When he emerged from his ordeal, "Sal" was a saddened and a shaken warrior, but he had learned his lesson."

The book is full of excellent stories which go to the making of an arresting history of a life of adventure and places in a new and entertaining light the work of men on the outposts of Empire.

GOLF.

A TRAGEDY OF STALENESS.

I am writing these words as the band plays Hallelujah, "by request," writes the Golf Correspondent of the *Times*. A friend asks me to deal with the subject of staleness at golf "from the physiological, psychological, or any other logical standpoint you like." He is much more in the "logical" line of business than I am, being a scientific gentleman, and I do not know why he cannot write the thing himself. When I have done it he will probably say to me, as another scientific gentleman said to the well-meaning Mr. Pringle: "You're a fool, and may go downstairs."

However, he does give me some facts of his own case to go upon, though not as regards golf, which he scarcely even professes. "I am," he says, "an extreme instance. If I have not touched a racket, cue, cricket bat, or gun for months, I am not an absolutely despicable performer; but as the season goes on I get steadily worse, so that by August I can hardly serve a ball over the net, and by February the birds won't even fly into it." He goes on to tell me how, finding the other day that his cupboard was bare, he seized a gun, which he had not touched for weeks, and slew a solitary pigeon speeding at some incredible height above his head. He says that such a shot would have been impossible to him in the shooting season, and therein he resembles a famous and hard-worked professional bowler, who was asked what had become of that excellent yorker of his. The bowler looked at his captain with reproachful eyes and answered: "What a yorker! In August!"

A Personal Problem.

My friend can give me no explanation of this state of things except that "some inhibitory influence is at work," to which I reply, rather petulantly, with the dog's-meat man: "That's what I call a self-evident proposition." The only conclusion I can draw from his case—and indeed, I have often thought the same of my own—is that the one way to be a good golfer is never to play golf. If, however, we prefer to play golf and to be bad golfers, then staleness is one of the things that have got to be faced, and, since each one of us is subject to his own individual brand of it, we must face it each in his own way.

Is it an affection of the mind or the body or of both combined? The first symptoms in my own case include a wateriness of the eyes and an aching of the legs, and there would seem to be physical troubles for which there are obvious remedies. Yet the matter may not be quite so simple as it seems. I feel overcome in a precisely similar manner after I have looked at pictures for five minutes, so that I sink on to one of the settees so thoughtfully provided, and teach the gallery to respond with my yawns. In that case the disease is surely a mental one; yet the symptoms are identical. Whatever their

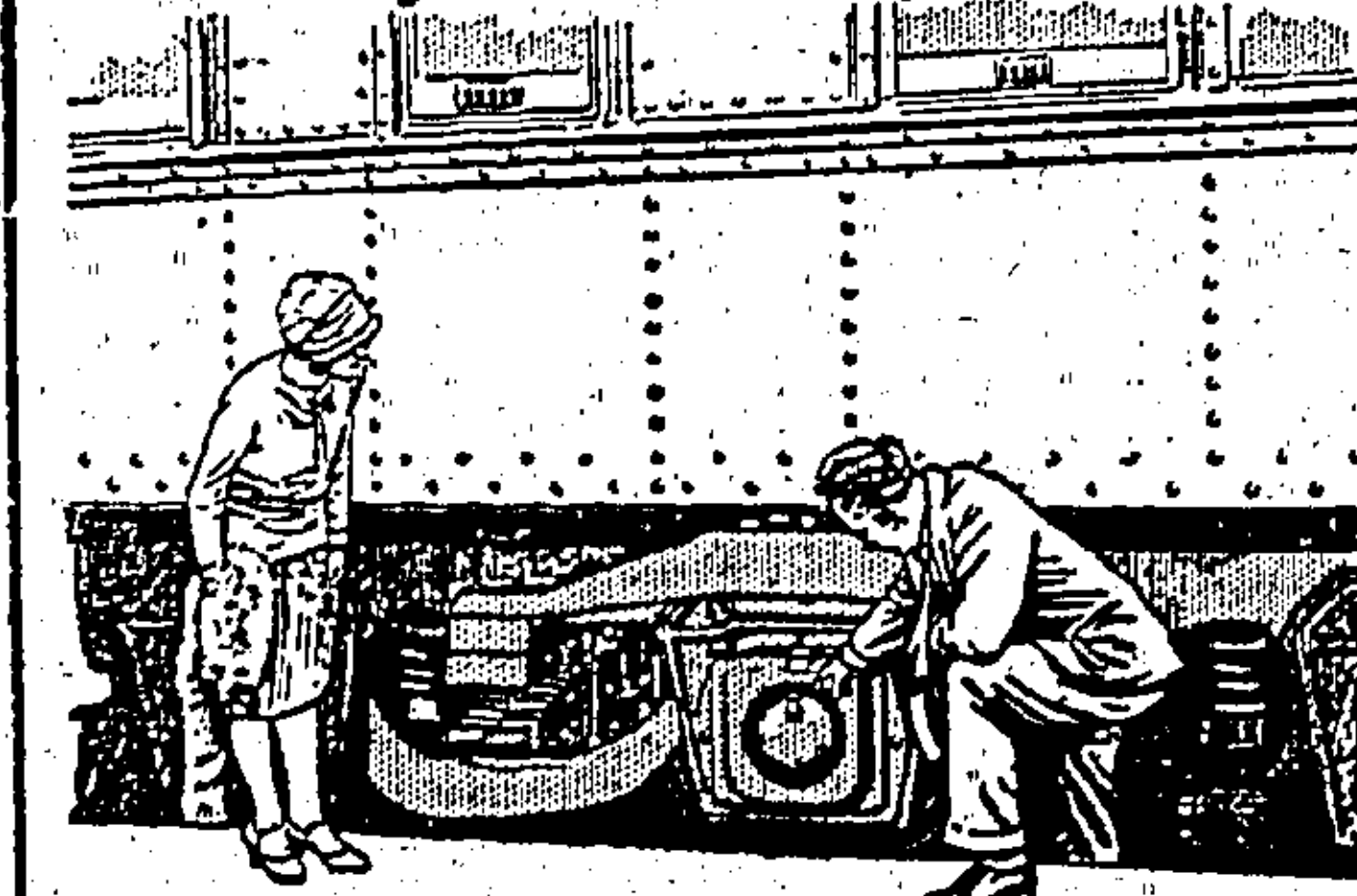
cause, to feel them "coming on" is horrible. In the country where I spent two inglorious and unpleasant years in the War we were afflicted with a very particular wind. When once it began to blow, it blew with steady violence for three days, so that we were frozen in winter and stifled with dust in summer. The first lightest rustle of that wind was unmistakable; we knew inevitably that we were in for it, and so it seems to me with the first warning of staleness. But there is this difference—that we had to live through those three days of purgatory, whereas we can give up playing golf, and I believe that at the very first moment when we feel a little jaded and faded and have a disinclination to practise putting while waiting for our partner, we ought to "put our clubs away and do a little work by way of a rest."

Playing Through Staleness.

This is a counsel of perfection. Staleness generally attacks us after the first few days of a deliberately golfing holiday, and then how can we stop? The answer is nothing for it but to play ourselves through it, consoling ourselves with this reflection—that if we can do it, if that black cloud does pass over, we shall feel and play more radiantly well than ever we did. It must be admitted, however, that "playing through" staleness becomes harder as the years go on; it is rather a young man's remedy, like the red herring and the cup of black coffee for breakfast, which a Scottish champion of old times regarded as infallible, no matter how jaded had been the eve of a big match. The disease is at any rate to this extent mental, that we should try as far as possible to titillate our minds, perhaps with a new club, perhaps, better still, with a new style. Also—though this is cowardly advice—I think we should choose both our partners and our adversaries with care. A foursome partner who demands no more from us than shortness combined with moderate stringency is very encouraging; still more so is an opponent whom we can beat. Let us not disdain the cheapest victories in such a case. As a stout-hearted golfer, not quite so young as he was, said to me the other day, after he had lost two hard matches: "It's very tiring to be beaten." He spoke, as I imagined with a tinge of bitterness because I, being flushed with glorious victory, was comparatively spry and perky. Yet I did not really deceive myself. If a certain ball had wedged itself behind a tree instead of running between two trunks into a grassy ditch; if there had not been a narrow isthmus leading from that ditch to the green; if the ball had not scuffed its way along the isthmus to lie—O, heavenly vision—four feet from the pin, I knew that the smiling face of Nature would have been changed, and I should have felt like a dead dog.

My scientific friend will, I fear, regard this article as but a paltry trifling with a serious subject. I can think of nothing that may help turn for five minutes, so that I sink on to one of the settees so thoughtfully provided, and teach the gallery to respond with my yawns. In that case the disease is surely a mental one; yet the symptoms are identical. Whatever their

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THE COASTAL SERVICE.

RECENT APPOINTMENTS AND CHANGES.

Captain W. G. Lalor, C.N. Co., is on Home leave.
Captain J. K. Clark, of the *Shanghai*, is on reserve.
Captain W. Shaw, from reserve, has gone master, *Shanghai*.
Mr. M. Byrne, from reserve, has gone supply second officer, *Hsin Feng*.
Mr. J. S. K. Oliver, supply third engineer officer, *Hsin Feng*, has gone supply third engineer officer, *Tungchow*.
Mr. E. Dunn, third engineer officer, *Tungchow*, has gone supply third engineer officer, *Hsin Feng*.
Mr. A. T. McLellan, from Home, has gone acting third engineer officer, *Tungchow*.
Mr. D. McL. Campbell, third engineer officer, *Chungking*, has gone third engineer officer, *Tai-koo Wan*.
Mr. W. D. Gardner, from shore employment, has gone acting third engineer officer, *Chungking*.
Mr. H. Jackson, second engineer officer, *Luncheon*, is on reserve.
Mr. R. Baillie, from shore employment, has gone third engineer officer, *Chungking*.
Mr. W. S. Smith, supply third engineer officer, *Tungchow*, has gone supply third engineer officer, *Hsin Feng*.
Mr. O. W. R. Basham, from reserve, has gone chief officer, *Kung-ze*.
Mr. J. Rega, second officer, *Kung-ze*, has gone second officer, *Suwei*.
Mr. E. J. Grainger, from reserve, has gone third engineer officer, *Lee-son*.
Mr. R. H. Watt, third engineer officer, *Lee-son*, has gone acting second engineer officer, same ship.
Mr. A. Paton, second engineer officer, *Lee-son*, has gone second engineer officer, *Kut-wo*.
Mr. J. Halkett, second engineer officer, *Kut-wo*, has resigned.
Mr. L. McWilliams, chief engineer officer, *Lee-son*, is on reserve.
Mr. A. J. Begley, from reserve, has gone chief engineer officer, *Lee-son*.—*Shipping and Engineering*.

A PARISIAN LIDO.

THE LUXURY OF IMPERIAL ROME.

The most elaborate bathing beach in Europe which is not situated on the sea coast was opened in Paris recently.

The "Lido de Paris" has been two years under construction in the famous Avenue des Champs-Élysées. It is a sort of Lido beach, swimming pool, and night cabaret rolled into one. While pretty girls in bathers disport themselves in the tepid waters of the shallow end of the pool, or sit wait-deep on marble benches reminiscent of Roman baths, chatting and smoking cigarettes, the men will leave their dressing gowns on the marble balcony and take a plunge from the first floor into the twelve feet of water in the middle of the lake illuminated with thousands of electric lights and with the ever-changing colours of spot-lights.

The strains of invisible orchestras will be heard across the waters, while couples will dance on the dance-floor that continues the Lido beach. All round the swimming pool are the women's dressing-rooms, where Madame after a plunge can call her coiffeur, her manicurist, and her own servant to dress her, again for town calls or for dinner.

There are Turkish baths and showers and every hydrotherapeutic appliance, and the Paris Lido combines within its walls Venice, Deauville, Biarritz, Palm Beach, and Honolulu.

Prices range from 4s. for a cocktail, 4s. for the use of the swimming-bath, and 4s. 6d. for the beauty parlour, to expensive figures for champagne parties. The visitor must have a fairly long purse to enjoy fully the amenities of "Venice in Paris."

Slipping Apriltits.

Heavy carpets cover the floors of the café surrounding the swimming pool, where people will sit sipping apriltits and chatting, and on one side are the women's dressing-rooms, where Madame after a plunge can call her coiffeur, her manicurist, and her own servant to dress her, again for town calls or for dinner.

There are Turkish baths and showers and every hydrotherapeutic appliance, and the Paris Lido combines within its walls Venice, Deauville, Biarritz, Palm Beach, and Honolulu.

Prices range from 4s. for a cocktail, 4s. for the use of the swimming-bath, and 4s. 6d. for the beauty parlour, to expensive figures for champagne parties. The visitor must have a fairly long purse to enjoy fully the amenities of "Venice in Paris."

MONKEY TRICKS IN ZOO SHIP.

ORANG-OUTANG CAUGHT FREEING BIRDS.

Three orang-outangs which with various other denizens of the wild, reached London in the Blue Funnel steamer *Perseus* on March 17th, miffed the voyage from Singapore by their "monkey-tricks."

"Berthed" in the fore-cabin with a short-tempered black panther, a mild-mannered lioness, a homelick lapin, two wild cats (true to name), two sea-serpents, eighteen flamingoes, and hundreds of Java sparrows (all, of course, in cages).

A few days later "Old Soldier," was seen routine the decks and there began a great chase. He was cornered in an alley-way aft. Soon afterwards the other orang-outangs were caught "out of bounds" aft.

The tapir died of his homesickness just as the ship reached London.

PASSENGERS.

Departures.

Per s.s. *Sarpedon*, for United Kingdom via Singapore and Marseilles, on April 18th:—Capt. and Mrs. E. Knudsen, Miss N. W. Hascombe, Mr. L. M. S. Lloyd, Mr. Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. Gifford Stower and child, Mrs. L. G. S. Dowdell and 3 children, Mr. L. Jack, Mr. W. C. Clark, Miss D. Dunnet, Mr. G. H. Wilson, Mrs. A. W. Hayward and 2 children, Mrs. W. B. Cornaby and 2 children, Mrs. E. Grimble and 2 children, Mrs. E. Grossman, Mr. D. Abbey, Mr. R. W. Williamson, Mr. A. E. Atkins, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Robinson and 2 children, Mrs. C. M. Wyborn, Mr. A. Webster, Mr. A. H. Penn, Mr. Somers Ellis, Mr. Parker, Mr. Shaw, Mr. H. Frank, Mr. A. L. Lorenz-Meyer, Mr. D. S. Wythe, Madame C. Zaidel, Mr. R. H. Ball, Miss R. M. V. Brown, Miss E. M. Bowditch, Mr. R. M. Castle, Mr. N. W. B. Clarke, Mr. A. Childers, Mr. J. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. B. Jones, Master B. R. Jones, Miss S. J. B. Jones, Miss Y. E. B. Jones, Mrs. W. E. Keylock, Miss A. M. Keylock, Mrs. L. Makin, Mr. and Mrs. A. McLure, Master D. N. A. Molure, Mrs. E. McA. Milne, Mrs. D. Nixon, Miss J. M. Nixon, Miss F. Puttick, Mrs. M. E. Pugh, Miss M. G. Pugh, Master J. G. Pugh, Mrs. H. J. Springfield, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Stephens, Mrs. F. C. Murray.

Per s.s. *President Pierce*, via Seattle on April 18th:—Mrs. J. Alcide, Miss Aurora Alcide, Miss Lenore Alcide, Master Victor Alcide, Miss Josefa Balmores, Miss Carmen Bastida, Mr. D. B. Bustamante, Miss Brigida Cantero, Dr. F. R. Duncan, Mr. R. E. Ham, Mr. V. A. Marus, Mrs. N. P. Monroe, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Rau, Rev. and Mrs. H. E. Studley, Dr. and Mrs. M. N. Mason, Master Manuel Tucson, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McElhinney, Mr. L. P. Hammon, Mr. R. C. Kilian, Mrs. A. E. Schroeder, Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Moriarty, Lieut.-Comdr. I. D. Coyle, Mr. E. E. Elker, Mrs. Chair Frances, Master Kenneth Frances, Master Charles Frances, Mr. and Geo. Heath, Master George Heath, Master Charles Heath, Master William Heath, Master John Heath, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Ryan Jones, Miss Betty Ryan Jones, Miss Alice E. Magee, Mr. Wm. McGibbon, Mrs. G. C. Titus, Dr. Arthur W. Woo, Mr. J. A. Carpenter, Mr. O. C. Pan, Mr. A. Blackles, Mr. E. F. Lydon, Mr. E. B. McGarthy, Mr. Ng Wah Foon, Mr. Ng Lok, Mr. Chau Shee, Mr. Wu Kai Yuen, Mr. Lee Quan Sing, Mr. Fung Shao, Mr. Lee Hing Fook, Mrs. Lillian Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. Barklow, Mr. C. L. Vanderberg, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rega, Mr. B. H. Lydon, Mr. H. C. Chiu, Mr. A. F. Brennan, Miss H. Y. Nui, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Pratt, Mr. D. L. Moss, Mr. Edward K. Love, Mr. E. Westphal, Mr. J. Milch, Mr. O. Mui, Mr. Fung Sin Po, Mrs. Mee Hing, Mrs. K. M. Chan, Master O. Chan, Mrs. Shee Mr. Chan Chung Mong, Mrs. Ho Shee, Mrs. Lau Shee, Mrs. Ho Shee, Mr. Chan Tai Pui, Mr. Low Lok Fung, Mrs. Lai Sze, Mrs. Da Shee, Mr. and Mrs. Tin Lan Chau, Mr. Kui Hoo San, Mr. and Mrs. Shu Ki Kin, Mr. C. A. Nurnberg.

Per s.s. *Korea Maru*, for San Francisco via ports, on April 18th:—Mrs. P. O. de Rosa, Mr. Y. Iida, Mr. K. Yamamoto, Mr. I. Sakamoto, Mr. T. Igumura, Mr. T. Yamamoto, Mr. M. Isomura, Mr. Y. Takano, Mr. S. Umeya, Mr. Ho Poh, Mr. and Mrs. K. Ehara, Mrs. T. Levanova, Mrs. M. Andres, Miss R. Andres, Master R. Andres, Mr. Sequeira, Mr. S. A. Callaco, Mr. A. Rangal, Mr. and Mrs. H. Lee, Mr. Kwong Sue Duk, Mr. Mr. Tommy Kwong, Miss Jessie Kwong, Miss Violet Kwong, Master Andrew Kwong, Master Robert Kwong, Mrs. N. Inouye, Mr. T. Inouye, Mr. T. Hamada, Mrs. B. Ohba, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. York, Mr. H. E. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Grestwood, Mr. R. Brayne, Mrs. Tea Brugger, Mr. Hermann Zammermann, Miss Ruth Brumler, Mr. W. M. Komaroff, Mrs. G. Bruno, Dr. C. H. Kellam, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Case, Master Clark Case, Miss C. Barrows, Mr. J. M. Williamson, Mr. E. M. E. Sison, Capt. C. J. D. Sprockels, Miss Sprockels, Mr. N. M. Loddin, Mr. and Mrs. B. A. G. Harris, Miss R. V. Harris, Miss M. E. Ball, Mrs. Chao Harr, Mrs. C. Chao, Miss Y. Chao, Mr. Tso Fun Cho, Mr. Lo Tung Ming, Mr. Lee Shing, Mr. Lee Chee Pong, Mr. Young Teun Hong, Mr. Ching Chun Hoo, Mr. Young Yon Kwan, Mr. Koon Kam Kwantip Young.

One day the men in charge of the zoo were astonished to see a small flock of the sparrows flying round and round the ship. A watch was kept, and one of the orang-outangs—known as "Old Soldier"—was seen to squeeze himself out of his cage, slip across to a bamboo basket containing sparrows, and attempt to undo the fastenings. Surprised in the act, he dashed back to his cage and put on an air of innocence personified.

A few days later "Old Soldier," was seen routine the decks and there began a great chase. He was cornered in an alley-way aft. Soon afterwards the other orang-outangs were caught "out of bounds" aft.

The tapir died of his homesickness just as the ship reached London.

NEW FUR FARMING.

TESTING THE RABBIT.

MONTREAL.
An interesting departure in fur farming is the establishment of a rabbit farm at Port Haney, 30 miles east of Vancouver, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Stock placed on the farm comprises chinchillas, blue beavers, French silvers, white Flemish, silver blacks, Himalayans, and black Dutch. This enterprise is only experimental at present, but it is hoped to arrive at reliable data which will be of assistance in establishing a new industry in British Columbia and of help to private breeders.

Farming of fur animals is developing in this province, the largest venture being the establishment of a large muskrat farm on an area in Cariboo. If the rabbit fur farm at Port Haney is a success, associate industries may be developed.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, April 18th.

	Previous Day	On Date	On Date
	at 2 p.m.	at 8 a.m.	at 2 p.m.
Barometer...	29.93	29.94	29.96
Temperature...	71	69	72
Humidity...	74	74	72
Wind...			
Direction	East	E	E
Force	4	3	4
Weather	0	0	0
Rain	0.00	0.00	0.02

Highest open-air Temperature, 17th: 71

Lowest open-air Temperature, 18th: 68

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From April 19th to 25th, 1928.

Days of Week	Date	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Thurs.	19	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
		8 37	6 0	2 41	1 4
Fri.	20	8 28	6 7	2 33	1 7
		9 36	6 7	3 13	1 2
Sat.	21	9 36	6 9	3 44	2 1
		10 58	8 4	4 25	2 8
Sun.	22	10 11	7 3	4 14	2 6
		11 53	5 3	5 14	2 7
Mon.	23	10 49	7 3	4 42	3 0
		11 1	6 7	5 6	3 1
Tues.	24	11 1	6 7	5 5	3 4
		11 31	7 2	7 4	1 0
Wed.	25	10 42	4 9	5 29	3 8
		0 18	7 0	8 21	1 2

HAMBURG AMERIKA LINIE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship "PREUSSEN"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where Delivery can be obtained. The Goods are landed. Optional Cargo will be landed, unless Notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th April, 1928, will be subject to Rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 24th April, 1928, at 10 a.m. by our Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

All Claims must reach us before the 9th May, 1928, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Underwriters.

JEBSEN & CO., Agents.

Hong Kong, 18th April, 1928. [6153]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

FROM UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENTAL PORTS VIA STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES per Coy Steamer "LAOMEDON"

are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to Terms and Conditions of Storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 17th April.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here, unless Notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon within the Free Storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 22nd April, 1928, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriters on or before the 6th May, 1928, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays or Fridays, between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon, within the Free Storage period of 14 days.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

17th April, 1928. [6144]

DODWELL &

NEW YORK BERT.

FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON via SUEZ.

S.S. "BOLTON CASTLE" ... Sails hence on or about 27th Apr.

LLOYD TRIESTINO.

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE for BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (Fiume). TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

REDUCED PASSAGE RATES.

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE ... £72.10.0.
LONDON ... £80. 0.0.

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI.

From Hong Kong.
M.V. "REMO" ... Sails on or about 26th Apr.
M.V. "VIMINALE" ... Sails on or about 24th May
M.V. "ESQUILINO" ... Sails on or about 21st June

From Hong Kong.
S.S. "VENEZIA" ... Sails on or about 1st May
M.V. "REMO" ... Sails on or about 29th May
M.V. "VIMINALE" ... Sails on or about 26th June

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO
SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "UMVOLOSI" ... Sails from Calcutta, 3rd May

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports. Through Bills of Lading issued from Hong Kong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines, apply to:—

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 1030. Agents.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE



HUGO STINNES LINIEN

COMBINED FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICE.
CABIN CLASS ACCOMMODATION FOR 50 PASSENGERS.
FARE FROM HONG KONG TO GENOA—£73. 0. 0.

OUTWARD.

Sailings from Europe for Shanghai and Northern Ports:—

M.V. "ERMLAND" ... due here on or about the 2nd May
M.V. "VOGTLAND" ... due here on or about the 16th May
S.S. "ALBERT VOGELER" ... due here on or about the 19th June
M.V. "REHEIN" ... due here on or about the 27th June
S.S. "OLDENBURG" ... due here on or about the 8th July

HOMEWARD.

Sailings for Europe via Manila, Singapore, Colombo & Port Said:—

* S.S. "CARL LEGIEN" ... sailing from here on or about the 27th Apr.
+ S.S. "ADOLF VON BAEYER" ... sailing from here on or about the 4th May
+ S.S. "PREUSSEN" ... sailing from here on or about the 14th June
+ M.V. "ERMLAND" ... sailing from here on or about the 19th June
+ M.V. "VOGTLAND" ... sailing from here on or about the 27th June
+ S.S. "ALBERT VOGELER" ... sailing from here on or about the 7th July

† Calling at Genoa, Marseilles, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
* Calling at Genoa, Rotterdam, Bremen and Hamburg.
+ Calling at Genoa, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
†† Calling at Genoa, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars please apply to

JEBSEN & CO.

12, Pedder Street. Tel. C. 2225.
611. Tel. C. 4754.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

FROM MIDDLESBRO, ANTWERP, LONDON & STRAITS.

The Steamship "BENMACDUIH"

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where Delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 22nd April, 1928, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriters on or before the 6th May, 1928, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays or Fridays, between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon, within the Free Storage period of 14 days.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

THIENTSIN, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"LUOHOW"	On 19th Apr.	6 a.m.
AMOT, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KINGYUAN"	On 19th Apr.	6 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	On 19th Apr.	10 a.m.
WUHAIR, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUBICHOV"	On 20th Apr.	4 p.m.
AMOT, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 21st Apr.	6 p.m.
AMOT, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANKING"	On 22nd Apr.	9 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KALGAN"	On 22nd Apr.	Noon
SWATOW & SHANGHAI, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"KANOHOW"	On 22nd Apr.	Noon
AMOT, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 23rd Apr.	6 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"IOHANG"	On 24th Apr.	4 p.m.
HOLLOW, FANGHAI & SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	On 26th Apr.	Noon
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"TRIAN"	On 26th Apr.	Noon
WUHAIR, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"SINKIANG"	On 28th Apr.	6 a.m.
THIENTSIN, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"HUICHOW"	On 29th Apr.	6 a.m.
AMOT, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG"	On 29th Apr.	2 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KWANGCHOW"	On 29th Apr.	Noon
AMOT, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"YINGCHOW"	On 29th Apr.	Noon
AMOT, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"SZECHUEN"	On 30th Apr.	6 p.m.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

TELEPHONE CENTRAL 36. CABLE AND PASSENGER CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED.

"CHANGTIE" & "TAIPING"
These New Vessels maintain a Regular Service from HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS VIA MANILA AND THURSDAY ISLAND. Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports. Excellent & Most Comfortable First & Second Class Passenger Accommodation. HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMERS	Days Home from Hong Kong	Sailings from Hong Kong
TAIPING	11th May	18th May
CHANGTIE	15th June	15th July
TAIPING	10th July	17th August
CHANGTIE	7th August	

For Freight and Passage Apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

BOSTON, NEW YORK AND BALTIMORE

JOINT SERVICE OF THE "BLUE FUNNEL LINE" (OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD., AND CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.) AND AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE (ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

Sailings from Hongkong:

S.S. "CITY OF EASTBOURNE"	Via Suez Canal	18th May
S.S. "ADASTUS"	Via Suez Canal	4th June
S.S. "CITY OF NEWCASTLE"	Via Suez Canal	15th June
S.S. "HELENUS"	Via Suez Canal	29th June

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.

Subject to change without notice.

For Freight and Particulars, apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, or THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONG KONG HONG KONG & CANTON. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., CANTON.

[31]

PRINCE LINE

IMPROVED SERVICE

BY FAST MOTOR VESSELS TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK

M.V. "JAVANESE PRINCE" ... 8th May

M.V. "JAPANESE PRINCE" ... 5th June

For Freight and Full Particulars, apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST), LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 3155. (Incorporated in Great Britain)

Telegrams: Furniprice. Kings Building. [19]

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

MAIL AND CARGO STEAMERS TO AND FROM MARSEILLES, DUNKIRK, U.K. HAMBURG & ROTTERDAM.

From Marseilles

ATROS II	24th Apr.
D'ARTAGNAN	8th May
G. METZINGER	22nd May
SPHINX	5th June

For Shanghai and Japan

ATROS II	24th Apr.
D'ARTAGNAN	8th May
G. METZINGER	22nd May
SPHINX	5th June

For Marseilles

ANDRE LERON	24th Apr.
CHENONORAU	8th May
ATROS II	22nd May
D'ARTAGNAN	5th June
G. METZINGER	19th June

For Rotterdam, Hamburg, Dunkirk

D. P. BENOIT (Cargo)	7th May
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For full Particulars, apply to—

Cie des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, 3, QUEEN'S BUILDING, TELEPHONE: C. 651 and 740.

Shipping News

Arrivals and Departures, etc.

ARRIVALS.

April 17th.

Ichang, British str., 1,228 tons, Capt. P. J. Green, from Shanghai and Amoy, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B12.—B. & S.

Mikie Maru, Japanese str., 1,594 tons, Capt. Y. Yasuda, from Tsinghai Bay, which port she left on April 14th, lying at Kowloon Bay.—Y. Sato Co.

Seitan, British str., 1,571 tons, Capt. Alex. C. Inglis, from Singapore, which port she left on April 20th, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B23.—Foo Nam S.S. Co.

Sun Sai Nai, Chinese str., 242 tons, Capt. Hau Fuk, from Fort Bayard, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. C41.—Sui Sang S.S. Co.

Times Maru, Japanese str., 1,324 tons, Capt. T. Nakamura, from Keelung, which port she left on April 15th, with a cargo of coal, lying at buoy No. B24.—M.B.K.

April 18th.

Dintang, Danish str., 1,954 tons, Capt. V. L. Reister, from Bangkok and Swatow, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. C39.—Lee Bing Co.

Borneo Maru, Japanese str., 4,291 tons, Capt. S. Tabata, from Moji, which port she left on April 15th, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—O.S.K.

Chinkiang, British str., 1,228 tons, Capt. Stringer, from Canton, lying at buoy No. C44.—B. & S.

Coruna, Norwegian str., 1,949 tons, Capt. O. M. Klette, from Canton, lying at Yaumati.—Doddwell & Co.

Husan Maru, Japanese str., 2,350 tons, Capt. H. Oyama, from Keelung, which port she left on April 15th, with 500 tons of coal and 461 tons of merchandise, lying at O.S.K. Wharf.—O.S.K.

Hydrangea, British str., 561 tons, Capt. T. H. Ball, from Swatow, with 72 tons of general cargo, lying at Chiu On Wharf.—Chiu On S.S. Co.

New Multitude, British str., 842 tons, Capt. E. G. Rapley, from Hoihow, with a general cargo, lying at Stonecutters.—Yik Tai S.S. Co.

Preussen, German str., 5,050 tons, Capt. Mackeprang, from Singapore, which port she left on April 13th, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—Jesbergs Co.

Shantung, British str., 1,568 tons, Capt. W. T. Hodge, from Shanghai and Swatow, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B12.—B. & S.

Wai Shing, British str., 1,169 tons, Capt. J. W. Pettigrew, from Taingtao, Shanghai and Swatow, with a general cargo, lying at West Point Wharf.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

West Cajoot, American str., 3,339 tons, Capt. O. E. Thorsen, from Anila, which port she left on April 15th, with hemp and general cargo, lying at buoy No. A52.—Swayne & Hoyt Inc.

PASSENGERS.

Departures.

Per a.s. *Empress of Canada* on April 18th:—Mr. B. Ashurst, Mr. and Mrs. K. Akune, Miss T. Akune, Miss S. Akune, Mr. A. E. Allen, Master E. M. Allen, Master A. F. Allen, Mr. W. E. Antrim, Mr. R. M. Alarabia, Mr. Arno, Mrs. L. W. Brainthwaite, Miss R. Brainthwaite, Mr. B. T. Boothley, Mrs. H. Benn, Miss D. Bewley, Mr. E. D. Bush, Mr. H. J. Brett, Mr. R. Bow, Mr. W. G. Bell, Mr. P. Bhojraj, Rev. C. I. Blanchett, Mrs. E. Brady, Mr. C. A. Baband, Dr. D. Martineau, Mr. A. W. Black, Miss D. J. Bennett, Mrs. C. A. Bebo, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. King Baker, Mr. E. Burke, Mr. E. Buck, Mr. D. G. Bruce, Mrs. D. E. Brown, Capt. F. L. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Brown, Master R. V. Brown, Mr. H. T. Bolton, Miss G. S. Blyth, Mr. J. Bast, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Babcock, Master C. F. B. Babcock, Mrs. A. Cleaver, Mr. and Mrs. K. K. Chack, Miss P. H. Chang, Mr. F. R. de Carvalho, Mr. T. S. Cheung, Miss Crowther, Mr. Chow Cheng Choon, Mr. and Mrs. F. Y. Chan, Mr. F. Y. Chamberlain, Mrs. J. D. Chapple, Mr. Chon Hon Dia, Mr. E. Y. Carmona, Mrs. D. Concepcion, Mr. Chang Shiu Tong, Mr. Chua Se, Mr. P. Chang, Mrs. D. E. Carvalho, Mrs. P. V. de Couder, Miss P. de Couder, Mr. J. Couder, Mr. C. H. Chang, Mrs. Chan Chang, Mrs. L. Christensen, Mrs. A. Z. Sy Cip, Miss P. Sy Cip, Mr. Chan Hong, Miss Cheng Mui, Miss L. Chang, Mrs. H. Cuppeli, Dr. L. C. Cosgrave, Lt. Col. L. Cook, Lt. Col. R. G. Clarke, C.M.G., D.S.O., Mrs. McClure Church, Lady C. P. Chater, Mrs. J. J. C. Donnell, Bishop and Mrs. C. R. Duppuy, Mr. A. T. Dunlop, Miss E. Dene, Mrs. J. F. Downing, Miss A. Dixon, Mr. Theo. Diehl, Mr. G. Ekstrom, Miss H. Ezra, Mr. J. V. Eleazar, Mrs. V. Espina, Master Espina, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Elam, Mrs. K. M. Fetterly, Miss Fetterly, Mr. and Mrs. Fung Tai Kong, Miss E. Feliciano, Mrs. L. de Fris, Mr. and Mrs. L. K. Field, Mrs. P. V. Fabres, Rev. C. B. Fockler, Mr. E. Filiciano, Mr. T. Filiciano, Mr. P. Filiciano, Mr. S. Feldstein, Mrs. F. Farmer, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Fane, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. de Garica, Capt. H. Gerdelman, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Green, Mrs. E. D. Grahame, Mr. H. L. R. Graburn, Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Geare, Miss Edith Geare, Master I. H. Geare, Miss E. Geare, Miss A. Harvey, Miss H. Harvey, Miss M. Harris, Mr. W. J. Hawker, Mrs. A. Hold, Mr. C. H. Howard, Mr. J. P. Hudson, Mr. Hung Chang Yuen, Mr. Ho Lai Sang, Col. and Mrs. E. A. Hickman, Master E. G. Hickman, Master W. H. Hickman, Miss L. Hickman, Mr. K. Hirata, Miss P. Herrera, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hyde, Mr. W. Hyde, Miss M. Hyde, Mr. J. N. Holt, Mr. A. G. Hills, Dr. F. W. Hunter, Capt. E. S. G. Howard, Mrs. V. Humble-Birkett, (Continued on next Column.)

(Continued on next Column.)

Hanoi, for Kwong Chow Wan.
Hing Yuen, for Amoy.
Lueta, for Swatow.
Luchow, for Tientsin.
Preussen, for Keelung.
Proteus, for Mikie.
Ryoko Maru, for Canton.
Shantung, for Canton.
Shu Hong, for Macao.
Soon Ann, for Hoihow.
Tak King, to Antau.
Tsintai Maru, for Takao.
Wai Shing, for Canton.
Wong Shek Kung, for Saigon.

Mr. O. H. Hugill, Mrs. H. K. Holmes, Mr. J. Scott Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. R. Irwin, Mr. R. A. Ingram, Miss T. Johnson, Mr. J. W. Jenks, Mr. J. E. Joseph, Mr. F. R. Jolley, Sir Elly Kadoorie, Mr. L. Kadoorie, Mrs. K. K. Kau, Mr. H. Kirchoff, Mr. Y. K. Kwok, Miss Kendal, Miss C. H. Kan, Miss C. K. Kan, Miss C. Y. Kan, Mr. B. C. Kum, Mrs. R. J. Kirby, Mrs. R. E. Kozhevar, Mrs. Kwok She, Miss Kwok Wai Mun, Mr. W. T. Kelle, Mr. Loong Hon Ting, Miss Y. L. Lam, Mr. and Mrs. B. K. Lam and infant, Mr. S. C. Law, Mr. L. C. Leung, Mrs. Leung Kai Tai, Mr. J. S. Leysen, Mr. P. C. Lee, Mr. Y. T. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Y. T. Lee, Master H. C. Lee, Master H. M. Loo, Mr. Lam Pak Loy, Mr. Lam Wan, Master Lok Sing, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Leitao, Miss E. Lim Kin Siu, Mr. J. D. Lockwood, Mrs. K. Matsuda, Mr. S. H. Mo, Mrs. Y. P. Ma, Mrs. J. Y. Ma, Mrs. Ma Wing Chan, Miss Ma Kam Oi, Mrs. M. Mudford, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Machuca, Miss M. Machuca, Miss P. F. Machuca, Miss A. Machuca, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. May, Mrs. A. H. Martin, Mrs. R. Maloney, Master Mion Sing, Miss Ida M. Menter, Miss G. McGill, Mr. W. A. Miner, Mr. C. T. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Ng Wai Nam, Mrs. L. C. Ng, Miss S. C. Ng, Mr. N. Nuguid, Mr. and Mrs. Cowan Newlands, Mrs. J. F. Oliver, Miss M. G. Oliver, Master J. F. Oliver, Master T. W. Oliver, Miss L. Oliver, Mr. J. F. Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Parker, Mr. Pang Fan, Master Poon Kong, Master Poon Young, Mrs. Poon Cheung, Mr. Poon Kan, Miss Poon Sheung, Master Poon Pan, Mrs. Poon Lam, Mrs. L. A. Puckett, Miss H. J. Puckett, Mr. W. H. Peters, Mr. M. Del Prin, Mr. D. Petunovich, Mr. S. R. Foy, Mrs. J. W. Platter, Major and Mrs. T. A. Pamplin-Green, Miss S. Renshaw, Mr. H. W. Ray, Col. and Mrs. T. A. F. Robinson, Mrs. W. H. Robson and infant, Miss V. Ramos, Sister B. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. John Robinson, Miss P. C. Robinson, Mr. H. Riedl, Mr. Guy Richards, Mrs. W. So, Mr. Whitey Smith, Mrs. E. Schipberg, Mr. Sum Fong Hin, Mr. Boehm de Sauvanne, Mr. C. A. Stichel, Mr. and Mrs. So Chin Pan, Miss So Man Yu, Mrs. C. W. So and infant, Mrs. C. P. Soo, Master K. C. Soo, Miss M. Sparling, Miss V. Salterio, Mr. A. da Silva, Mr. C. L. Smith, Mr. C. L. Smith, Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Shelby, Capt. and Mrs. G. T. Tyringham, Mr. J. E. Van Tyen, Mr. W. D. Tam, Mr. Tang Yau Yuen, Mr. Tam Tat, Mrs. C. De Torres, Mrs. Lydia Tyan, Miss R. L. Rowe, Mrs. Virginia Tyler, Mr. and Mrs. D. Templeton, Mr. and Mrs. S. Tait, Miss E. S. Underhill, Mr. A. S. Underhill, Mr. H. Victor, Miss Voon Mai Ban, Miss C. Velez, Miss L. Velez, Mrs. H. de Velez, Mrs. P. Vong, Mr. H. C. Wong, Mr. and Mrs. K. S. Wong, Mrs. F. B. Wadill, Master J. C. Wadill, Mr. P. H. Wong, Mrs. W. Wei, Mr. W. A. Winkelman, Mr. W. Y. Wei, Mrs. K. S. Wong, Mr. and Mrs. W. Weinrich, Mr. Wong Yick Hung, Mr. J. G. Walle, Mr. W. Webb, Miss G. E. Wright, Mr. J. Wilkins, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. R. Williams, Miss H. M. White, Miss M. C. Wilson, Judge C. A. de Witth, Hon. and Mrs. E. C. H. Wolff, Mr. F. C. Wright, Mr. H. Yang, Mr. D. C. Yang, Mrs. T. C. Yang, Mr. and Mrs. K. S. Yau, Mr. Yuen Sam Mau, Miss Yue Mee Ngan, Miss S. Y. S. Yip, Mr. H. C. Yeh.

CLEARANCES.

April 18th.

Apooy, for Keelung.
Andra, for Tarakan.
Bokuyo Maru, for Moji.
Borneo Maru, for Singapore.
Chinkiang, for Shanghai.
Coruna, for Chingwangtao.
Deli Maru, for Swatow.

(Continued on next Column.)

The Hong Kong & Whampoa Dock COMPANY, LIMITED.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO," HONG KONG.

CORPS USED: A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition; Engineering: First and Second Editions; Western Union and Watkins, Benson's, Marconi.

Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers, Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.

TWIN SCREW MOTOR VESSEL "PALAWAN."

Built and Motors installed by THE HONG KONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD. to the order of Mr. M. J. Ossorio, Manila, for service in the Philippines.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager, R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.L.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hong Kong.

[3]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"WAISHING" "HANGSANG" "FOOSHING" "YATSHING"	Sun., 22nd Apr., at Noon Wed., 25th Apr., at Noon Sun., 29th Apr., at Noon Wed., 2nd May, at Noon
OSAKA via AMOY, MOI & KOBE	"FOOKSANG" "YUENSANG"	Fri., 27th Apr., at 7 a.m. Tue., 1st May, at 7 a.m.
CANTON	"HANGSANG"	Sun., 22nd Apr., at 8 p.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"NAMSANG"	Satur., 21st Apr., at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG"	Satur., 28th Apr., at 4 p.m.
TIENTSIN	"YUSANG"	Satur., 28th Apr., at 5 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

GENERAL MANAGERS. TELEPHONE: CENTRAL No. 215. [3]

GLEN LINE.

FARE: HONG KONG TO LONDON £82.

TO LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

Motor Vessel "GLENHARRY"	(via Oran)	4th May
Motor Vessel "GLENARA"	(via Oran)	18th May
Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE"	(via Oran)	18th June
Steamship "FEMBRONESIRE"	(via Oran)	11th July

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE"	29th April
Motor Vessel "GLENHARRY"	18th May
Steamship "FEMBRONESIRE"	18th May
Steamship "GLENHARRY"	18th May
Steamship "GLENHARRY"	18th May

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

AGENTS: THE GLEN LINE, LTD. [3]



FAR EASTERN PASSENGER & FREIGHT SERVICE.

FARE FROM HONG KONG TO GENOA: Cabin class ... £73. Intermediate class ... £48.

THROUGH BOOKINGS TO LONDON: FARE FROM HONG KONG TO LONDON: Cabin class ... £80.

NEXT HOMEWARD SAILINGS:

S.S. "THREE"	departure 5th May
S.S. "Neckar"	departure 10th May

Passenger steamers sailing via Manila and Ports to Genoa, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen.

Freight steamers sailing via Singapore and Ports to Marseilles, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen.

NEXT OUTWARD SAILINGS:

S.S. "Alster"	due here 25th April
M.S. "Trave"	due here 12th May

Passenger steamers sailing via Shanghai to North China Ports.

Freight steamers sailing via Shanghai to Japan and North China Ports.

MELCHERS & CO.,

AGENTS, HONG KONG. 5, CHATER ROAD. [Queen's Building.]

Telephone: C. 4557.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

HONG KONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers. Sailings subject to alteration without notice.

FOR

SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW

AND RETURN (Occupying 8 to 9 Days)

HAICHING	Friday, the 20th April, at 8 p.m.
HAINING	Tuesday, the 24th April, at 4 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Elsie Pui) Round Trip Tickets will be issued from Hong Kong to Fochow (Fochow Anchorage) or vice versa and Return by the same Steamer at the Reduced Rate of \$30.00 including Meals while the Steamer is in Port.

For Freight and Passage apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO., General Managers.

[3]

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Date
Australia & Manila	Mikima Maru	19th Apr.
Shanghai	Kunshong	19th Apr.
Japan, Shanghai & Europe via Siberia	Suwa Maru	20th Apr.
Europe via Nippon (letters only)	Jeppore	20th Apr.
London, 22nd March	Kidderpore	21st Apr.
Straits	Baron Haig	21st Apr.
Shanghai	Suiyang	21st Apr.
Europe via Nippon (papers only)	Halipara	22nd Apr.
London, 22nd March	Pres. Tull	22nd Apr.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan & Shanghai	Pres. Jackson	23rd Apr.
Manila	Ali Maru	24th Apr.
Japan	Emp. of Russia	25th Apr.
Canada, U.S.A., Japan & Shanghai		

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date
Formosa	Prusen	Thursday, 19th
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. C. & S.	Proslaus	19th
Europe via Victoria, B.O. 15th May		
Amoy & Formosa via Swatow	Del Maru	10.30 A.M.
Straits	Bornas Maru	12.30 P.M.
Swatow	Hydrangus	2.30 P.M.
Japan	Mukima Maru	2.30 P.M.
Manila	Luce Maru	2.30 P.M.
Swatow	Sun Sai Kai	2.30 P.M.
Fort Bayard		
Hoikow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Manado Maru	Friday, 20th
Haiphong	Tanaka	12.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Nas Unsu	2.00 P.M.
Straits	Bullerophon	2.30 P.M.
Wei Hai Wei	Kuesonau	2.30 P.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E.	Suwa Maru	Saturday, 21st
U.S.A. Africa, Asia, Egypt & Europe		
via Marcellus—due Marcellus, 20th May		
Straits and Calcutta	Namany	Saturday, 21st
Amoy	Shantung	1.00 P.M.
Manila	Pres. Harrison	1.00 P.M.
Amoy	Anking	1.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Hoson Maru	Sunday, 22nd
Swatow via Swatow	Haigun	9.00 A.M.
Amoy	Soochow	Monday, 23rd
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A.		
U.S.A. & S. America, Canada, & Europe via San Francisco—due	Pres. Jackson	Tuesday, 24th
San Francisco, 17th May, & Europe via Siberia		
Seigon, Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Asia, Egypt & Europe via Marcellus—due Marcellus, 28th May	Andre Lebon	Tuesday, 24th
Shanghai	Isahang	1.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Ning	1.00 P.M.
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via Thursday Island—due Thursday Island, 7th May	Ali Maru	Wednesday, 25th
Swatow	Haigun	9.00 A.M.
Amoy	Fook Sang	Thursday, 26th

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital\$50,000,000
 Issued and Fully Paid-up\$20,000,000
 Reserve Funds:—
 Sterling\$5,000,000
 Silver\$14,000,000
 Reserve Liability of Pro-prietors\$20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG.

Court of Directors:
 A. H. COTTON, Esq., Chairman
 N. S. BROWN, Esq., Deputy Chairman
 W. H. BELL, Esq., W. L. PATTERSON, Esq.,
 W. H. BELL, Esq., T. G. WALL, Esq.,
 H. P. WHITE, Esq.,
 Hon. Mr. A. O. HYPER.

BRANCHES:—
 Amoy, Hongkong, Peking, Shanghai, Yokohama
 Bangkok, Hanoi, Penang, Saigon, Singapore
 Batavia, Iloilo, Rangoon, Swatow, Tientsin
 Bombay, Ipoh, San Francisco, Canton, Kobe, Shanghai
 Calcutta, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, London, Sourabaya
 Cebu, Manila, Lyons, Fuzhou, Malacca, Patani
 Colombo, Dairen, Hongkong, Tientsin
 Fookow, Hongkong, Tientsin
 Haiphong, Hongkong, Tientsin
 Hankow, Hongkong, Tientsin
 Harbin, Hongkong, Tientsin

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in LOCAL CURRENCY and STERLING on terms which will be quoted on application.
 Hong Kong, 3rd April, 1928. [26]

HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
 For the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
 A. C. HYNES,
 Chief Manager.
 Hong Kong, 13th Sept., 1927. [2]

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS
 U.S. \$3,500,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:
 37, WALL STREET,
 NEW YORK.

An American Bank offering complete Foreign Banking Service in the principal markets of the world. Interest Allowed on all Deposits. Rates on Application.

A Subsidiary of
 THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
 Total Resources in excess of U.S. \$57,000,000.00.
 D. M. BIGGAR,
 Manager.
 28]

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL-MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)
 BANKERS
 ESTABLISHED 1864.

HONG KONG OFFICE: 11, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

Authorized Capital.....Guilder 150,000,000.
 Paid-Up Capital.....Guilder 50,000,000.
 Reserve Fund.....Guilder 40,000,000.
 (27,333,333.)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
 Eastern Head Office: BATAVIA.

BRANCHES:—Batavia, Bandoeng, Bencoolen, Bonting, Cebu, Hongkong, Kanton, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, Rotterdam, Singapore, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

London Bankers:—National Provincial Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents all over the world. Banking Business of every description transacted.
 O. STEENSTRA,
 Manager.
 Hong Kong, 30th July, 1927. [34]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital fully paid up...Yen 100,000,000
 Reserve Fund.....Yen 99,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS AT:—
 Alexandria, Honolulu, Hongkong, Batavia, Kanton, Saigon, Soerabaya, Buenos Aires, Kobe, San Francisco, Lyons, Seattle, Canton, Los Angeles, Bencoolen, Chongchun, Manila, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Shimonoseki, Yungking, Newchwang, Sydney, Hankow, Osaka, Tientsin, Hamburg, Peking, Tientsin, Harbin, Rio de Janeiro, Tientsin, Hong Kong, Yokohama, Vladivostok (temporarily closed).

Interest allowed on Current Accounts. Deposits received for Fixed Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

H. MORI, Manager.
 Hong Kong, 12th March, 1926. [25]

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital£3,000,000
 Reserve Fund£4,000,000
 Reserve Liability of Pro-prietors£3,000,000

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

ALOR STAR, BANGKOK, BATAVIA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CEBU, CHONGKING, COLOMBO, DELHI, HANKOW, HONGKONG, KANTON, KUALA LUMPUR, KUPANG, MADRAS, MANILA, PEKING, PENANG, RANGOON, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SWATOW, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.
 A. H. FERGUSON,
 Manager.
 Hong Kong, 16th Mar., 1928. [30]

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE POUR LE COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE.

(Incorporated in France).

Princes Building, Charter Road, Victoria, Hong Kong.
 HEAD OFFICE:
 74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Capital fully paid up...Fr. 50,000,000
 Special Working Capital...Fr. 50,000,000
 Reserves.....Fr. 22,519,000

BRANCHES:—
 Paris, Lyons, Marseilles, Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Peking, Canton, Hong Kong.

FRANCE: Société Générale, Banque Nationale de Crédit, Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.
 LONDON: Midland Bank, Ltd.
 NEW YORK: American Exchange Irving Trust Co., Banca Commerciale Italiana, San Francisco: Bank of Italy.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Correspondents throughout the World.
 A. ROLLIN,
 Manager.
 Hong Kong, 19th February, 1928.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
 15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital£3,000,000
 Subscribed Capital£1,800,000
 Paid-up Capital£1,050,000
 Reserve Fund and Best£1,545,687

BANKERS:
 THE BANK OF ENGLAND and MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES:—
 Bangkok, Batavia, Bencoolen, Bonting, Cebu, Hongkong, Kanton, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, Rotterdam, Singapore, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONG KONG BRANCHES:—
 Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts to 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed Deposits at Rates that may be ascertained on application.
 C. L. C. SANDER, Manager.
 7, Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, 18th April, 1927. [32]

THE BANK OF CHINA.

行銀國中

(Special authorised by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital\$50,000,000.00
 PAID-UP CAPITAL19,760,500.00
 RESERVE FUND9,864,368.60

Head Office:—PEKING
 Hong Kong Branch:—4, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Branches and Sub-branches all over China, and Correspondents in Europe, America, and other parts of the world.

London Bankers:—THE GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD.

New York Bankers:—THE EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION, THE LLOYDS BANK, COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes to let.
 CH. LEM,
 Manager.
 Hong Kong, 29th Feb., 1927. [32]

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG.

Hong Kong Currency
 AUTHORIZED CAPITAL\$11,000,000
 PAID-UP CAPITAL8,564,900
 RESERVE FUND850,000

Branches:—
 CANTON, SHANGHAI, HANKOW, SWATOW, BANGKOK, NEW YORK and SAN FRANCISCO.

London Bankers:—
 THE LLOYDS BANK, LTD.

Correspondents in all Principal Cities of the World. Foreign Exchange and Banking Business of every description transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes (various sizes) at a Yearly Rental of from \$5 to \$40.
 LOOK POONG SHAN,
 Chief Manager.

That is our point

CAPSTAN
 Navy Cut
 Cigarettes
 W.D. & H.O. WILLS
 Bristol & London

CAPSTAN
 means
Quality

28-615 This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

28-615

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

Head Office:
 36, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital...Fr. 75,000,000.00
 Paid-up Capital...Fr. 68,400,000.00
 Reserve Fund.....Fr. 89,334,519.10

BRANCHES:—
 Bangkok, Hanoi, Pondicherry, Battambang, Hong Kong, Saigon, Canton, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Canton, Nam Dinh, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Fort Bayard, Papeete, Tientsin, Haiphong, Peking, Yunnanfu, Hankow, Pao-m-Pao.

BANKERS:
 IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Crédit Industriel et Commercial; Société Générale.

IN LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit Lyonnais.

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.; French-American Banking Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes to let.
 CH. LEM,
 Manager.
 Hong Kong, 29th Feb., 1927. [32]

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG.
 No. 10, Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL\$10,000,000
 PAID-UP CAPITAL5,000,000
 RESERVE.....1,200,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—
 Batavia, London, Rangoon, Singapore, Bombay, Manila, Saigon, Sourabaya, Calcutta, Melbourne, Saigon, Sydney, Canton, Nagasaki, San Francisco, Tientsin, Haiphong, New York, Cebu, Tientsin, Honolulu, Osaka, Seattle, Tokyo, Kobe, Paris, Semarang, Hongkong, Peking, Shanghai, Yokohama.

Correspondents in all principal cities of the world.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans granted on approved securities.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES TO LET.
 KAN TONG PO, Chief Manager.
 Hong Kong, 6th Sept., 1927.

HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS.

CONTAINING ALL THE WEEK'S LOCAL NEWS.

The Paper to send Home

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELERS CHEQUES.

Definition of TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES:—
 "The system of Travellers' Cheques was originated in 1891 by the American Express Company with the object of creating a form of travel currency which would give the holder the security of a letter of credit and at the same time the convenience of local currency. The Company registered the cheques under the trade name of 'AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES' the word 'Travellers' being spelled with one 'l'. The advantage of the Cheques was so apparent that other banking institutions adopted the system."

Quoted from Filman's Dictionary of Banking by Wm. Thomson.
 Issued in \$5.00, \$10.00, \$20.00, \$50.00, and \$100.00 denominations—bound in a small, handy wallet—and cost only 2¢ of 1¢ per cent.

Secure your steamship tickets, hotel reservations and itineraries; or plan your cruise or tour through.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS Co., Inc.
 44, DES VOEUX ROAD, CENTRAL, HONG KONG.

EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
 April 18th, 1928.

ON LONDON:—
 Telegraphic Transfer2/0 3/16
 Bank Bills, on demand2/0 3/16
 Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight2/0 3/16
 Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight2/0 3/16
 Credits, at 4 months' sight 2/1 1/2
 Documentary Bills, 4 months' sight2/1 1/2

ON PARIS:—
 Bank Bills, on demand1.247 1/2
 Credits, 4 months' sight1.322 1/2

ON NEW YORK:—
 Bank Bills, on demand49 1/2
 Credits, at 60 days' sight50 1/2

ON BOMBAY:—
 Telegraphic Transfer13 1/2
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON CALCUTTA:—
 Telegraphic Transfer13 1/2
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON SHANGHAI:—
 Bank Bills, at sight78 1/2
 Private, 30 days' sight79 1/2
 On Yokohama—On demand102 1/2
 On Manila—On demand99
 On Singapore—On demand87
 On Batavia—On demand121 1/2
 On Haiphong—On demand100
 On Saigon—On demand92 1/2
 On Bangkok—On demand92 1/2
 Sovereign Bank's Buying rate \$9.50
 Gold Leaf, 100 fine, per tola26 1/2
 Bar Silver, per oz.26 1/2

ON HONG KONG:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON SINGAPORE:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON BANGKOK:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON MANILA:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON CEBU:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON SOERABAYA:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON BATAVIA:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON YOKOHAMA:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON TIENTSIN:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON PEKING:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON HANKOW:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON SWATOW:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON SHANGHAI:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON HONG KONG:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON SINGAPORE:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON BANGKOK:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

ON MANILA:—
 Bank Bills, on demand.....

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE.

"CALOCHAS" 1st May, Casablanca, Marr., L'don, B'dam, & Hamburg.
 "PATROCLUS" 18th May, Marr., L'don, B'dam, & Glasgow.
 "MENECLAUS" 29th May, Marr., L'don, B'dam, & Hamburg.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"BELLEROPHON" 20th Apr., Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
 "ORESTES" 30th May, Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.

PACIFIC SERVICE.

(via KOBE & YOKOHAMA)
 "TROTILLAUS" 19th Apr., Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.
 "TALTHYBLUS" 10th May, Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

NEW YORK SERVICE.

"ADRASTUS" 4th June, Boston, New York & Baltimore.
 "PATROCLUS" 18th May, Singapore, Manilla & London.
 "ANTENOR" 13th June, Singapore, Manilla & London.

PASSENGER SERVICE.

"PATROCLUS" 18th May, Singapore, Manilla & London.
 "ANTENOR" 13th June, Singapore, Manilla & London.

OUTWARD SERVICE.

"ORESTES" 30th Apr., Shanghai & Hankow.
 "KNIGHT COMPANION" 22nd Apr., Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.
 For freight, passage rates, and information apply to—
Butterfield & Swire.
 Agents.

Printed and Published by OLIVER THOMAS BREXIDMAR, for the Hong Kong Daily Press, Ltd., at 11, Ice House Street, Victoria, Hong Kong. London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.